



User Guide

Multi-party approval



Multi-party approval: User Guide

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What is Multi-party approval?

Security through approval

Multi-party approval is a capability of [AWS Organizations](#) that allows you to protect a predefined list of operations through a distributed approval process. Use Multi-party approval to establish approval workflows and transform security processes into team-based decisions.

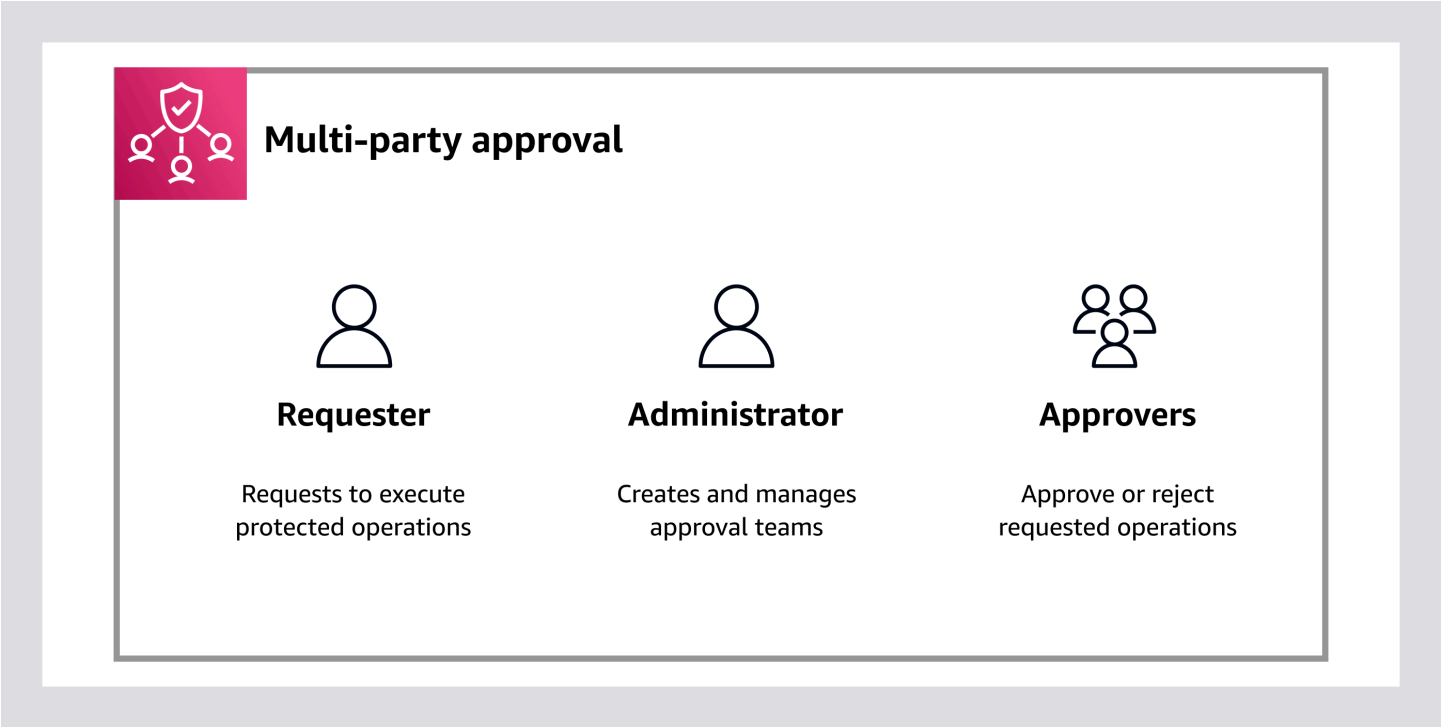


Figure 1: Diagram depicting the job functions for Multi-party approval.

Requester	Administrator	Approver
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Makes a request to execute a protected operation• Waits for the associated approval	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Creates approval teams by inviting AWS IAM Identity Center users• Manages approval teams by requesting team updates or to delete a team. Requests by the admin require team approval to take effect	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Receives email notifications when a requester attempts to execute a protected operation• Uses the link in the email notification to visit the Multi-party approval portal• Responds to requested operations and views operation history in the portal

Requester	Administrator	Approver
<p>team to review the requested operation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understands that a protected operation requires team approval before it can be executed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understands that an approval team becomes active only if every invited approver accepts the team invitation 	

Example scenario: Protect logically air-gapped vaults

You can use Multi-party approval with AWS Backup. AWS Backup offers logically air-gapped vaults, which are backup vaults with increased security features. For more information, see [Logically air-gapped vault](#) in the *AWS Backup Developer Guide*.

When a logically air-gapped vault is protected with Multi-party approval, a request to create a restore access backup vault must go through an [approval session](#). This means that the `CreateRestoreAccessVault` operation will require team approval before it can be executed. In Figure 2, this is represented with `CreateRestoreAccessVault` as the requested operation in the dotted box in a pending approval state. The approval session for the requested operation takes place in the [approval portal](#).

If the access request is approved, AWS Backup creates a restore access backup vault in the requester's account. This restore access backup vault is the requester's connection to the logically air-gapped vault. In Figure 2, this is represented with the requested operation in the dotted box moving from pending approval to approved.

For more information, see [How Multi-party approval works](#). To get started, see [Set up Multi-party approval](#).

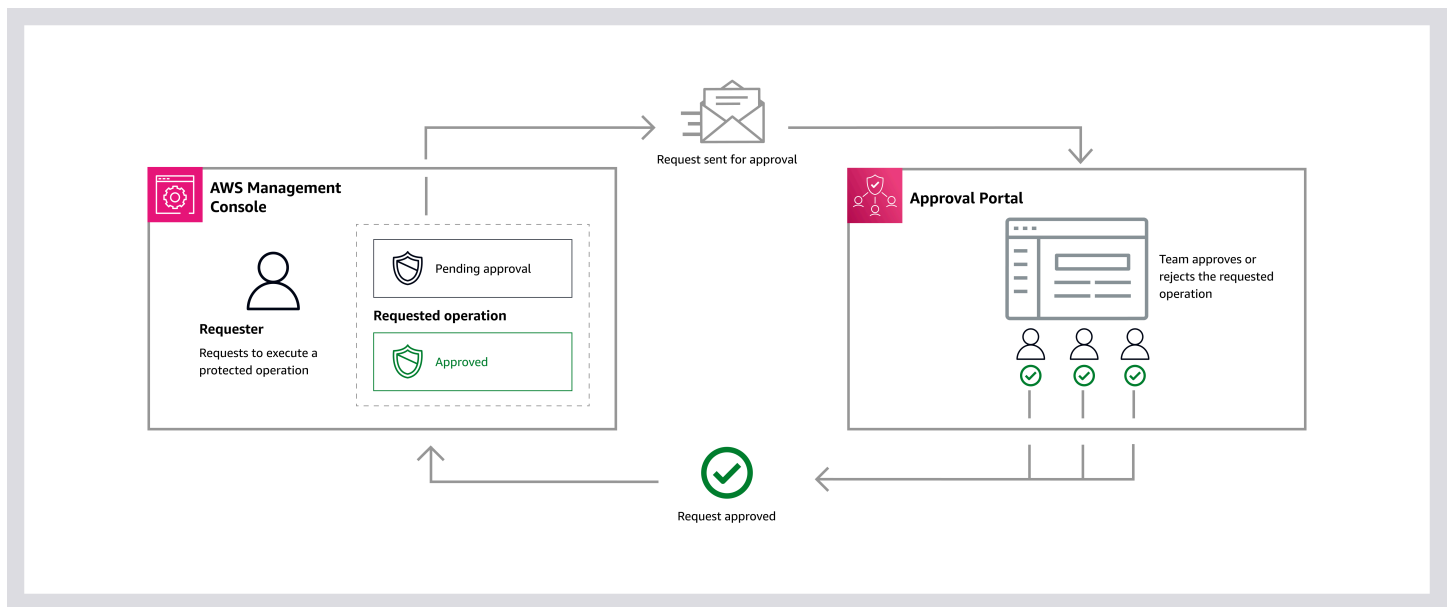


Figure 2: Diagram depicting how Multi-party approval works. You can also use the AWS CLI & AWS SDKs instead of the AWS Management Console.

When to use Multi-party approval

When Multi-party approval is beneficial

- You need to align with the Zero Trust principle of "never trust, always verify"
- You need to make sure that the right humans have access to the right things in the right way
- You need distributed decision-making for sensitive or critical operations
- You need to protect against unintended operations on sensitive or critical resources
- You need formal reviews and approvals for auditing or compliance reasons

When Multi-party approval might not be the best choice

- For standalone AWS accounts that don't use AWS Organizations and IAM Identity Center
- For operations that require immediate execution without delay
- For scenarios where the overhead of managing approval teams and workflows isn't justified by the risk

What operations are currently supported with Multi-party approval

AWS service	Benefits of using with Multi-party approval	Protected operation	Learn more
AWS Backup	An AWS Backup customer, you can use Multi-party approval to grant approval capabilities of some operations to a group of trusted individuals who can collaboratively approve access to a logically air-gapped vault from a separately-created recovery account in the case of suspected malicious activity that may compromise use of the primary account.	CreateRestoreAccessBackupVault AssociateBackupVaultMpaApprovalTeam DisassociateBackupVaultMpaApprovalTeam RevokeRestoreAccessBackupVault	For more information, see Multi-party approval for logically air-gapped vaults in the <i>AWS Backup Developer Guide</i> .

Required services

Multi-party approval requires [AWS Organizations](#) and [AWS IAM Identity Center](#).

Terms and concepts for Multi-party approval

To help you understand Multi-party approval, this topic describes some of the key terms and concepts.

Topics

- [Job functions for Multi-party approval](#)
- [AWS resources for Multi-party approval](#)
- [Multi-party approval resources](#)
- [Multi-party approval interfaces](#)

Job functions for Multi-party approval

Requester

The *requester* is the individual or entity that makes a request to execute a [protected operation](#). The request triggers an [approval session](#).

Administrator

The *administrator*, or admin, is responsible for managing [approval teams](#). When a Multi-party approval admin creates a team, they set the initial approval requirements and invite approvers to join the team.

When a team is [active](#), the Multi-party approval admin can request to update the team description, approval threshold, and approvers assigned to a team. They can also request to delete the team. Requests by the Multi-party approval admin require team approval to take effect.

For more information, see [Administrator tasks](#).

Approver

An *approver* is responsible for responding to [requested operations](#). If an approver has accepted a team invitation and the team is [active](#), the approver receives email notifications about [pending requests](#) for the team. The approver can view request details and respond to pending requests using the [Multi-party approval portal](#).

For more information, see [Approver tasks](#).

An *inactive approver* is an approver who has not responded in two or more sessions, or who cannot respond to requests due to the state of their IAM Identity Center user credentials. For example, a [deleted](#) or [disabled](#) user.

AWS resources for Multi-party approval

Protected operation

A *protected operation* is a predefined list of operations that require [team approval](#) before they can be executed. When a [requester](#) attempts to execute a protected operation, the operation enters a pending state until the approval threshold is met.

When the protected operation is pending, it is also referred to as a *requested operation* or a *pending request*. For a list of supported protected operations, see [What operations are currently supported with Multi-party approval](#).

Multi-party approval resources

Approval team

An *approval team*, or team, consists of [approvers](#). To grant approval, teams require a specified number of approvals (M) out of the total approvers (N). This is the *approval threshold*.

A team becomes [active](#) if every invited approver accepts the team invitation. When active, teams become *self-protecting*. This means changes to the team require team approval to take effect.

Teams can be shared across accounts using AWS Resource Access Manager (AWS RAM). For more information, see [Share team](#).

Approval session

An *approval session*, or session, is a 24-hour workflow initiated when a [requester](#) attempts to execute a [protected operation](#). Session details include the following non-exhaustive items:

- Approval team
- Requested operation, requester comments, and AWS Region where the request was made
- Initiation time and completion or expiration time for the requested operation
- Approver responses and response time
- Request status (PENDING, CANCELLED, APPROVED, FAILED, or CREATING)
- Completion strategy. Currently, only AUTO_COMPLETION_UPON_APPROVAL is supported. This means the operation is automatically executed using the requester's permissions, if approved.

Sessions expire 24 hours after the initial request. Expired sessions and non-responses from approvers count as rejections.

Identity source

An *identity source* is a Multi-party approval resource that models the connection between Multi-party approval and the AWS IAM Identity Center instance that manages the user authentication for [approvers](#).

A Multi-party approval identity source is created when you [set up Multi-party approval](#). This is a one-time operation.

When a Multi-party approval identity source is created, it adds the [Multi-party approval portal](#) application to the connected IAM Identity Center instance and creates a unique URL. A Multi-party approval identity source is required to create [approval teams](#).

Multi-party approval interfaces

Multi-party approval console

The *Multi-party approval console* is located in the AWS Organizations console, and is an interface for Multi-party approval [administrators](#) to create and manage their [approval teams](#).

Multi-party approval portal

The *Multi-party approval portal*, or approval portal, is used by approvers to view team invitations and requests, respond to requests, and view operation history.

The portal is an AWS managed application for AWS IAM Identity Center that is accessed by [approvers](#) through the link in the team invitation or requested operation email notification.

Region support

To use Multi-party approval, you must create [approval teams](#) and the [identity source](#) in the US East (N. Virginia) Region. For more information about AWS Regions, see [Region](#) in the *AWS Glossary Reference*.

Multi-party approval requires an organization instance of AWS IAM Identity Center. The IAM Identity Center instance can be enabled in any supported Region. For more information, see [Considerations for choosing an AWS Region](#) in the *IAM Identity Center User Guide*.

Cross-Region considerations

You can create approval teams that protect resources which are located in any commercial Region, even in Regions that are not US East (N. Virginia). During an approval session, user content (specifically requester comments) moves across Regions. When protecting resources in other Regions, there might be delays in the approval process if the US East (N. Virginia) Region experiences issues.

When you enable Multi-party approval and your IAM Identity Center instance in different Regions, Multi-party approval makes calls across Regions to IAM Identity Center. This means that [user and group](#) information moves across Regions. If the Region where the IAM Identity Center instance is located experiences issues, approvers might temporarily be unable to access the Multi-party approval portal, and delivery of notifications about new approvals might be delayed.

For more information, see [IAM Identity Center Region data storage and operations](#) in the *IAM Identity Center User Guide*.

Quotas for Multi-party approval

Your AWS account has default quotas, formerly referred to as limits, for each AWS service. Unless otherwise noted, each quota is Region-specific.

To view the quotas for Multi-party approval, open the [Service Quotas console](#). In the navigation pane, choose **AWS services** and select **Multi-party approval**.

Your AWS account has the following quotas related to Multi-party approval.

Description	Quota	Adjustable
Maximum number of identity sources for each account	1	No
Maximum number of approval teams for each account	10	No
Maximum number of approvers for each approval team	20	No

How Multi-party approval works

To help you understand Multi-party approval, this topic describes the three-step approval process.

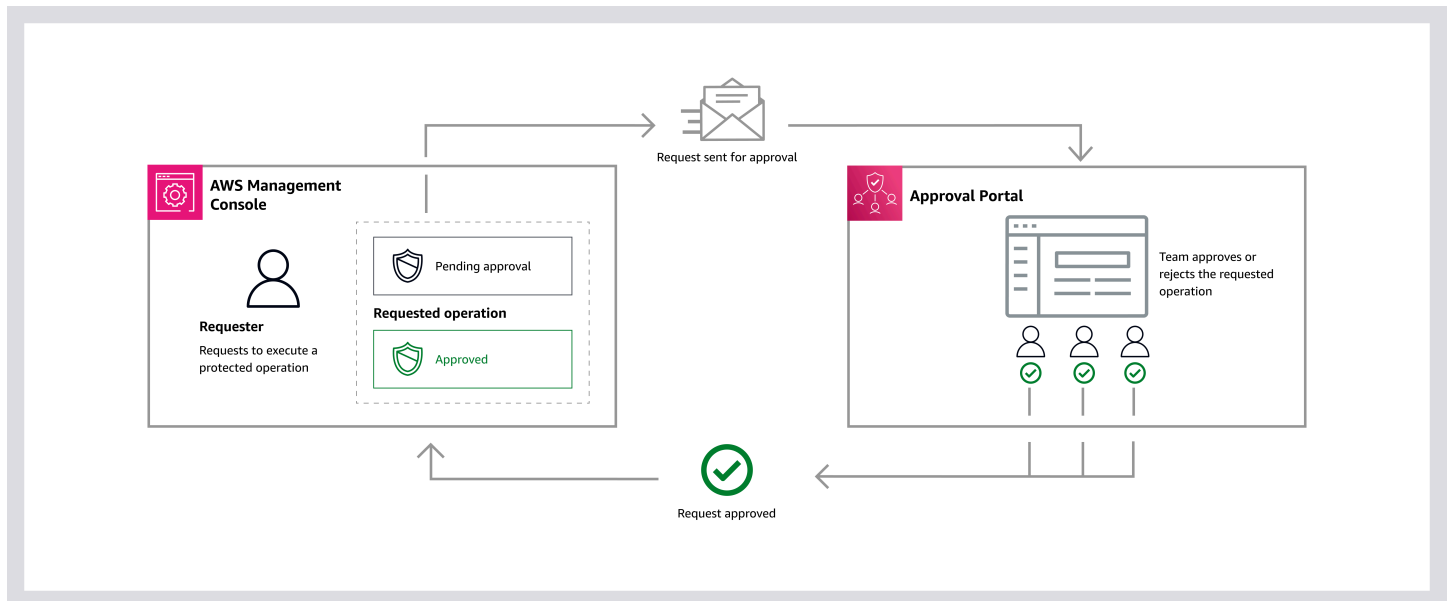


Figure 1: Diagram depicting how Multi-party approval works. You can also use the AWS CLI & AWS SDKs instead of the AWS Management Console.

Step 1: Operation request

Requester attempts to execute a protected operation

When a requester attempts to execute a protected operation and has the necessary `mpa:StartSession` permission:

1. The protected operation enters a pending state
2. Multi-party approval creates an approval session
3. Approvers receive email notifications prompting them to respond to the requested operation

Viewing the request status as the requester

The requester can view the status of a request if the following conditions are met:

- The requester has `mpa:` permissions for the associated approval team and session.

- The requester has access to the approval team. For example, if the team has been shared.

If these conditions are met, the requester can use Multi-party approval APIs (such as [GetSession](#)) to check the status of the request (PENDING, CANCELLED, APPROVED, FAILED, CREATING).

The service that you are using with Multi-party approval determines whether requester is provided with the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) for the approval session.

For information, see the **Learn More** column in [What operations are currently supported with Multi-party approval](#).

Step 2: Approval session

Approvers respond to the request in an approval session

1. Approvers access the approval portal using the link in the email notification for the requested operation
2. Approvers view details for the request including the following non-exhaustive items:
 - Requester IAM principal
 - Requested operation and timestamp
 - Requester AWS account and AWS Region
 - Requester comments
 - Approval session status
3. Approvers can choose to:
 - Approve the request
 - Reject the request

Non-responses count as rejections.

Sessions and approval thresholds

When a session meets its approval threshold, the requested operation is executed automatically (AUTO_COMPLETION_UPON_APPROVAL). Approvers who have not yet responded don't need to take any action.

For example, in a session with five approvers and an approval threshold of three, the requested operation is executed automatically after receiving the third approval, regardless of pending responses from the remaining approvers.

Step 3: Session result

Approval session determines if the requested operation is executed

Protected operations can only be executed when the approval threshold is met and before the approval session expires. Otherwise, the request is rejected.

- If the approval threshold is met:
 - Request is approved
 - Requested operation is automatically executed using the requester's permissions (AUTO_COMPLETION_UPON_APPROVAL).
- If the approval threshold is not met:
 - Request is rejected
 - Requested operation is not executed

Approvers do not receive email notifications about the session result or the execution status for the protected operation. However, approvers can view the session result in the Multi-party approval portal. For more information, see [View operation history](#).

Viewing the execution status as the requester

After an approval session ends, the service you are using with Multi-party approval determines whether the requester can view the execution status for the protected operation (EXECUTED, FAILED, or PENDING).

For information, see the **Learn More** column in [What operations are currently supported with Multi-party approval](#).

Considerations

Multi-party approval does not replace IAM

Multi-party approval works with IAM permissions, it does not replace them. When a requester attempts to execute a protected operation, AWS first evaluates the requester's IAM permissions.

The Multi-party approval workflow is only triggered if the requester has the necessary IAM permissions to perform the requested operation, and the requested operation is only executed if the requester still has the necessary IAM permissions when the request is approved.

This workflow is designed to add an additional layer of security through team-based approval requirements.

Administrator tasks for Multi-party approval

As an administrator, you are responsible for managing and creating approval teams. When you create a team, you set the initial approval requirements and invite approvers to join the team.

When a team is active, you can request to update the team description, approval threshold, and approvers assigned to a team. You can also request to delete the team. Requests that you make require team approval to take effect.

Use the Multi-party approval console for administrator tasks

The Multi-party approval console is located in the AWS Organizations console, and is an interface for the Multi-party approval admin to create and manage their approval teams.

AWS Organizations < [AWS Organizations](#) > Multi-party approval

Multi-party approval
Protect operations through a multi-party approval process. Use these dashboards to manage approval teams and identity sources. To approve or reject requests to run protected operations, visit the approval portal. [Learn more](#)

Teams (20+) [Manage sharing](#) [Create team](#)

Search teams

Team	State	Description	Owner	Region
Team-1	Active	Approver team to manage backup LAG vault operations.	This account	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1
Team-2	Pending Activating	Small approver team focused on critical resources.	Shared from 999888777666	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1
Team-3	Inactive	Approver team 3 to manage backup LAG vault operations.	This account	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1
Team-4	Active Failed activation	Approver team 4 to manage backup LAG vault operations.	This account	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1
Team-5	Active Update pending approval	Approver team 5 protecting LAG vaults owned by security team.	This account	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1
Team-6	Active Update pending activation	Approver team 6 to monitor backup LAG vaults for finance organization.	This account	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1
Team-7	Active Update failed approval	Team 7 protecting backup LAG vault operations.	This account	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1
Team-8	Active Update failed activation	Temporary team 8 is a short term approval team.	This account	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1

Identity sources (1) [Delete](#)

Identity sources provide a list of users you can invite to approval teams and are used to create the approval portal application. [Learn more](#)

Type	Approval portal link	Region
IAM Identity Center	https://approval.portal.link	us-east-1

Figure 1: Diagram depicting the Multi-party approval console.

Topics

- [Set up Multi-party approval](#)
- [Create an approval team](#)
- [View an approval team](#)

- [Update an approval team](#)
- [Share an approval team](#)
- [Delete an approval team](#)
- [Cancel an approval session](#)
- [Disable Multi-party approval](#)

Set up Multi-party approval

When you sign in to your organization's management account, you can set up Multi-party approval by navigating to the Multi-party approval console and creating a Multi-party approval identity source.

An *identity source* is a Multi-party approval resource that models the connection between Multi-party approval and the AWS IAM Identity Center instance that manages the user authentication for approvers.

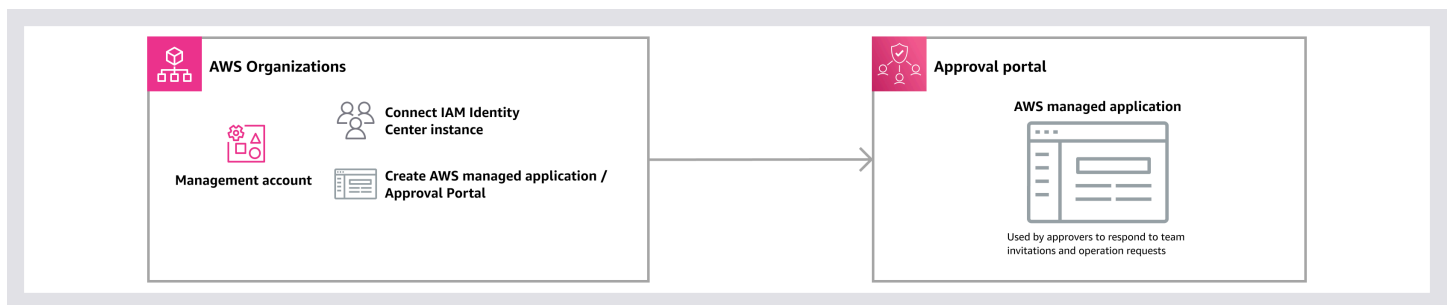


Figure 1: Diagram depicting a Multi-party approval administrator setting up Multi-party approval.

Create a Multi-party approval identity source

To create an identity source, complete the following steps.

Minimum permissions

To create a Multi-party approval identity source, you need permission to run the following actions:

- `kms:Decrypt`
- `mpa:CreateIdentitySource`
- `sso:CreateApplication`

- `sso:DeleteApplication`
- `sso:DescribeApplication`
- `sso:DescribeInstance`
- `sso:ListInstances`
- `sso:PutApplicationAccessScope`
- `sso:PutApplicationAssignmentConfiguration`
- `sso:PutApplicationAuthenticationMethod`
- `sso:PutApplicationGrant`

If you are using the AWS Management Console, you also need permission to run the following actions:

- `kms:Decrypt`
- `organizations:DescribeOrganization`
- `organizations:ListDelegatedAdministrators`
- `sso:DescribeInstance`
- `sso:DescribeRegisteredRegions`
- `sso:GetSharedSsoConfiguration`
- `sso:ListInstances`

AWS Management Console

To create a Multi-party approval identity source

1. Open the Organizations console at <https://eusc-de-east-1.console.amazonaws-eusc.eu/organizations/>.
2. On the left navigation, choose **Multi-party approval**.
3. On the **Multi-party approval** console, choose **Set up Multi-party approval**.
4. On the **Set up Multi-party approval** page, wait for the Multi-party approval to search for your IAM Identity Center instance. If you don't have an IAM Identity Center instance, you will be prompted to create one.
5. After Multi-party approval has found your IAM Identity Center instance, choose **Complete setup**.

AWS CLI & AWS SDKs

To create a Multi-party approval identity source

You can use one of the following operations:

- AWS CLI: [list-instances](#) and [create-identity-source](#)
 1. Run the following command to return a list of Amazon Resource Names (ARNs) for your IAM Identity Center instances:

```
$ C:\> aws sso-admin list-instances
```

2. Run the following command to create a Multi-party approval identity source with the available IAM Identity Center of your choice:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa create-identity-source \
  --identity-source-parameters '{
    "IamIdentityCenter": {
      "InstanceArn": "arn:aws:sso:::instance/ssoins-111122223333",
      "Region": "region"
    }
  }'
```

- **InstanceArn**: Amazon Resource Name (ARN) for the IAM Identity Center instance you want to connect with Multi-party approval.
- **Region**: AWS Region where the IAM Identity Center instance is located.
- AWS SDKs: [ListInstances](#) and [CreateIdentitySource](#)

What to do next

After you set up Multi-party approval, you can create approval teams in the Multi-party approval console or using the AWS CLI & AWS SDKs. For more information, see [Create team](#).

Considerations

AWS Organizations is required

Multi-party approval is a capability of AWS Organizations. You access the Multi-party approval console through the Organizations console.

To set up Organizations, see [Getting started with AWS Organizations](#) in the *Organizations User Guide*.

Organization instance of IAM Identity Center is required

Multi-party approval requires access to your identities in AWS IAM Identity Center. To enable an organization instance, see [Enable IAM Identity Center](#) in the *IAM Identity Center User Guide*.

For your organization instance, we strongly recommend using an [external identity provider](#). This setup separates IAM Identity Center administrative privileges from identity management, which helps prevent the admin from being able to bypass Multi-party approval mechanisms by changing approver passwords and assuming their identities.

Cross-Region setup for the IAM Identity Center instance

When you enable Multi-party approval and your IAM Identity Center instance in different Regions, Multi-party approval makes calls across Regions to IAM Identity Center. This means that [user and group](#) information moves across Regions.

If the Region where the IAM Identity Center instance is located experiences issues, approvers might temporarily be unable to access the Multi-party approval portal, and delivery of notifications about new approvals might be delayed.

One identity source for Multi-party approval

Creating an Multi-party approval identity source is a one-time operation, and you can only have one identity source for Multi-party approval.

Create an approval team

When you sign in to your organization's management account, you can create approval teams by navigating to the Multi-party approval console.

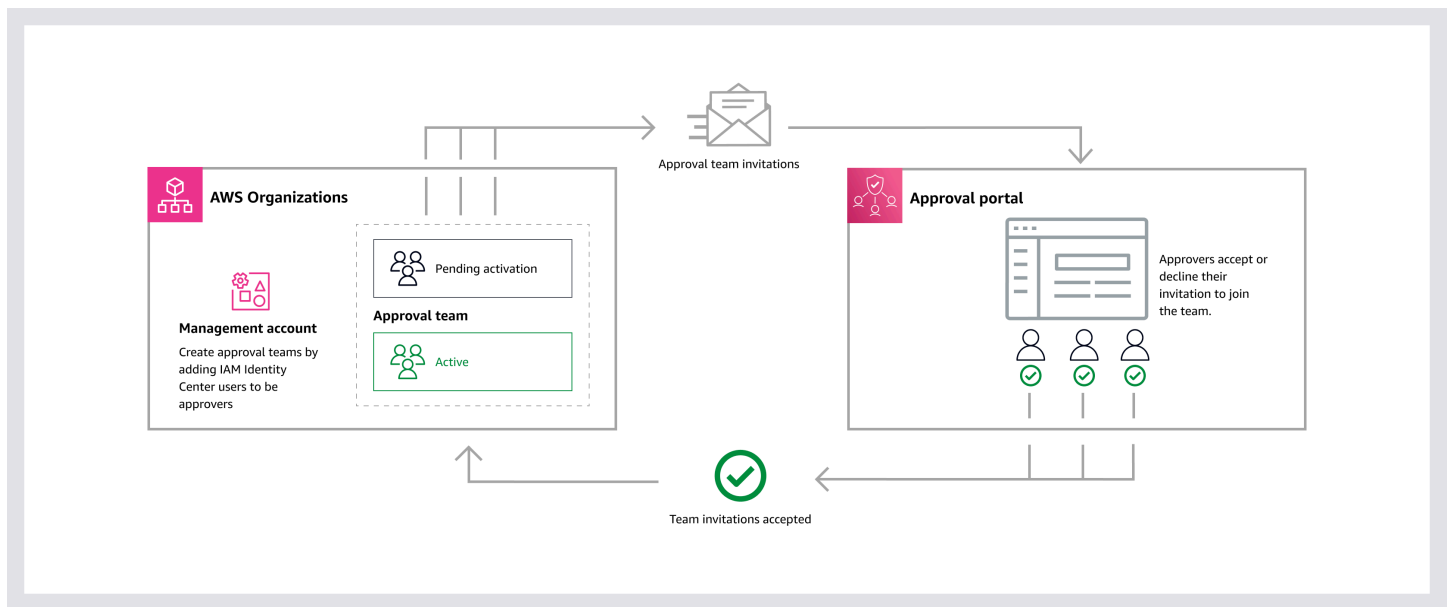


Figure 1: Diagram depicting a Multi-party approval administrator creating an approval team.

Create an approval team

To create a team, complete the following steps.

Minimum permissions

To create a team, you need permission to run the following action:

- `mpa:CreateApprovalTeam`

If you are using the AWS Management Console, you also need permission to run the following actions:

- `kms:Decrypt`
- `organizations:DescribeOrganization`
- `organizations:ListDelegatedAdministrators`
- `sso:DescribeInstance`
- `sso:GetSharedSsoConfiguration`
- `sso:ListInstances`
- `sso-directory:DescribeUsers`
- `sso-directory:SearchUsers`

AWS Management Console

To create a team

1. Open the Organizations console at <https://eusc-de-east-1.console.amazonaws-eusc.eu/organizations/>.
2. On the left navigation, choose **Multi-party approval**.
3. On the **Multi-party approval** console, choose **Create team**.
4. On the **Create approval team** page, enter the following information:
 - **Name:** Name for the team.
 - **Description:** Description for the team.
 - **Approvers:** Choose **Assign approvers** to open a dialog box for selecting IAM Identity Center users to invite to the team. You must have at least three approvers per team.
 - **Minimum required approvals:** Minimum number of approvals needed for a protected operation to be executed. It is recommended to set an approval threshold below the total number of approvers. You must have an approval threshold of at least two.
 - **Tags:** (Optional) Each tag is a label consisting of a user-defined key and value. Tags can help you manage, identify, organize, search for, and filter teams.
5. After you have finished entering your information, choose **Create team**.

AWS CLI & AWS SDKs

To create a team

You can use one of the following operations:

- AWS CLI: [list-instances](#), [list-users](#), and [create-approval-team](#)
1. Run the following command to return a list of Amazon Resource Names (ARNs) for your IAM Identity Center instances:

```
$ C:\> aws sso-admin list-instances
```

This returns the `IdentityStoreId` you need to get user IDs (Step 2).

2. Run the following command to return a list of user IDs from the IAM Identity Center identity store of your choice:


```
$ C:\> aws identitystore list-users --identity-store-id identitystoreId
```

This returns the `UserId` you need for `PrimaryIdentityId` (Step 4).

3. Run the following command to return the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) for your Multi-party approval identity source:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa list-identity-sources
```

This returns the `IdentitySourceArn` you need for `PrimaryIdentitySourceArn` (Step 4).

4. Run the following command to create a team:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa create-approval-team \
  --name "MyTeam" \
  --description "Description for my team" \
  --approval-strategy '{"MofN":{"MinApprovalsRequired":approval threshold544894e8-80c1-707f-60e3-3ba6510dfac1", "PrimaryIdentitySourceA
sources/IamIdentityCenter"]]' \
  --policies '["arn:aws:mpa::aws:policy/backup.amazonaws.com/
CreateRestoreAccessVault"]' \
  --tags '{"Key1": "Value1", "Key2": "Value2"}'
```

- **name:** Name for the team.
- **description:** Description for the team.
- **approval-strategy:** Contains an `ApprovalStrategy` object. Currently, only `MofNApprovalStrategy` is supported. This object specifies the minimum number of approvals (M) required for a total number of approvers (N). The integer you specify is the approval threshold. It is recommended to set an approval threshold below the total number of approvers. You must have an approval threshold of at least two.
- **approvers:** List of approvers. You must have at least three approvers per team. Each approver requires:
 - **PrimaryIdentitySourceArn:** Amazon Resource Name (ARN) for Multi-party approval identity source.
 - **PrimaryIdentityId:** User ID from the IAM Identity Center identity store for the approver you want to assign to the team.

- **policies:** List of Amazon Resource Names (ARNs) for Multi-party approval resource policies that define permissions protecting the team. For a list of available policies, use `mpa list-policies`.
- **tags:** (Optional) Each tag is a label consisting of a user-defined key and value. Tags can help you manage, identify, organize, search for, and filter teams.
- AWS SDKs: [ListInstances](#), [ListUsers](#), and [CreateApprovalTeam](#)

What to do next

After you have created a team, Multi-party approval sends email invitations to the approvers you assigned to the team. The team will become active if every invitation is accepted within 24 hours. If at least one approver declines the team invitation, the team will become inactive. For more information, see [Team health](#).

View an approval team

When you sign in to your organization's management account, you can view your approval teams and teams that have been shared with you by navigating to the Multi-party approval console.

For more information about statuses, see [Team health](#).

View an approval team

To view a team, complete the following steps.

Minimum permissions

To view a team, you need permission to run the following action:

- `mpa:GetApprovalTeam`

If you are using the AWS Management Console, you also need permission to run the following actions:

- `kms:Decrypt`
- `organizations:DescribeOrganization`
- `organizations:ListDelegatedAdministrators`

- `sso:DescribeInstance`
- `sso:GetSharedSsoConfiguration`
- `sso:ListInstances`
- `sso-directory:DescribeUsers`
- `sso-directory:SearchUsers`

AWS Management Console

To view a team

1. Open the Organizations console at <https://eusc-de-east-1.console.amazonaws-eusc.eu/organizations/>.
2. On the left navigation, choose **Multi-party approval**.
3. On the **Multi-party approval** console, you can view a list of your teams.
4. On the **Team** column, select a team to view its details.

AWS CLI & AWS SDKs

To view a team

You can use one of the following operations:

- AWS CLI: [list-approval-teams](#) and [get-approval-team](#)
 1. Run the following command to return a list of Amazon Resource Names (ARNs) for your teams:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa list-approval-teams
```

2. Run the following command to view details for a team:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa get-approval-team --arn  
arn:aws:mpa:region:123456789012:approval-team/TeamName-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-  
cdef-EXAMPLE11111
```

- AWS SDKs: [ListApprovalTeams](#) and [GetApprovalTeam](#)

Update an approval team

When you sign in to your organization's management account, you can request to update your approval teams by navigating to the Multi-party approval console.

As the Multi-party approval administrator, you can request to update the team description, approval threshold, and approvers assigned to a team. This creates an approval session for the request.

Update an approval team

To update a team, complete the following steps.

Minimum permissions

To update a team, you need permission to run the following actions:

- `mpa:UpdateApprovalTeam`

If you are using the AWS Management Console, you also need permission to run the following actions:

- `kms:Decrypt`
- `organizations:DescribeOrganization`
- `organizations:ListDelegatedAdministrators`
- `sso:DescribeInstance`
- `sso:GetSharedSsoConfiguration`
- `sso:ListInstances`
- `sso-directory:DescribeUsers`
- `sso-directory:SearchUsers`

AWS Management Console

To update a team

1. Open the Organizations console at <https://eusc-de-east-1.console.amazonaws-eusc.eu/organizations/>.

2. On the left navigation, choose **Multi-party approval**.
3. On the **Team** column, select a team to view its details.
4. On the team page, choose **Edit**.
5. On the **Edit approval team** page, you can update the following information:
 - **Description:** Description for the team.
 - **Approvers:** Choose **Assign approvers** to open a dialog box for selecting IAM Identity Center users to add or remove from the team. Teams must have at least three approvers
 - **Minimum required approvals:** Minimum number of approvals needed for a protected operation to run. It is recommended to set an approval threshold below the total number of approvers. The approval threshold must be at least two.
6. After you have finished updating your information, choose **Edit**.

AWS CLI & AWS SDKs

To update a team

You can use one of the following operations:

- AWS CLI: [list-instances](#), [list-users](#), [list-approval-teams](#) and [update-approval-team](#)
1. (If assigning new approvers) Run the following command to return a list of Amazon Resource Names (ARNs) for your IAM Identity Center instances:

```
$ C:\> aws sso-admin list-instances
```

This returns the IdentityStoreId you need to get user IDs (Step 2).

2. (If assigning new approvers) Run the following command to return a list of user IDs from the identity store of your choice:

```
$ C:\> aws identitystore list-users --identity-store-id identitystoreId
```

This returns the UserId you need for PrimaryIdentityId (Step 5).

3. (If assigning new approvers) Run the following command to return the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) for your Multi-party approval identity source:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa list-identity-sources
```

This returns the IdentitySourceArn you need for PrimaryIdentitySourceArn (Step 5).

4. Run the following command to return a list of Amazon Resource Names (ARNs) for teams:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa list-approval-teams
```

This returns the Arn you need for arn (Step 5).

5. Run the following command to update a team:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa update-approval-team \
  --arn arn:aws:mpa:region:123456789012:approval-team/TeamName-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE1111 \
  --description "Description for my team" \
  --approval-strategy '{"MofN":{"MinApprovalsRequired":integer}}' \
  --approvers
' [{"PrimaryIdentityId":"544894e8-80c1-707f-60e3-3ba6510dfac1","PrimaryIdentitySourceA
sources/IamIdentityCenter"}]'
```

- **arn**: Amazon Resource Name (ARN) for the team.
- **description** (Optional): Description for the team.
- **approval-strategy** (Optional): Contains an ApprovalStrategy object. Currently, only MofNApprovalStrategy is supported. This object specifies the minimum number of approvals (M) required for a total number of approvers (N). The integer you specify is the approval threshold. It is recommended to set an approval threshold below the total number of approvers.
- **approvers** (Optional): List of approvers. Each approver requires:
 - **PrimaryIdentitySourceArn**: Amazon Resource Name (ARN) for the Multi-party approval identity source.
 - **PrimaryIdentityId**: ID for the approver you want to assign to the team.
- AWS SDKs: [ListInstances](#), [ListUsers](#), [ListApprovalTeams](#), and [UpdateApprovalTeam](#)

What to do next

After you request to update a team, you can monitor the team status in the Multi-party approval console or using the AWS CLI & AWS SDKs. For more information, see [View team](#). To cancel an update, see [Cancel session](#).

Updates and team drafts

When you request to update a team, Multi-party approval creates a team draft which contains the proposed changes.

Team draft

Edits are saved to a draft. The following edits are pending for this team. Only edits to this team are shown here.

Description
Updated description shown here.

Approver updates (4)
Newly invited approvers will receive email invitations to join the team.

Update	Name	Email address
Removed	Ann Smith	ann.smith@corp.com
Removed	Bob Ross	bob.ross@corp.com
+ Added	New approver 1	approver.new1@corp.com
+ Added	New approver 2	approver.new2@corp.com

Approval threshold

Current threshold	New threshold
6	8

Close

Figure 1: Team draft as displayed in the Multi-party approval console.

Workflows for drafts

The following are the workflows for team drafts.

- When you request to update a team, the draft enters an *update pending approval* state. This starts a 24-hour approval session.
- If the update is approved, the edits in the draft are applied to the team. The team now operates with the applied changes.
- If the update is rejected, the draft enters an *update failed approval* state. You can delete the draft, or re-edit for approval and try again.
- If the update includes inviting new approvers, the draft will enter a *update pending activation* state if the update is approved. The team remains functional while newly invited approvers have 24 additional hours to respond to the team invitation.
- If at least one newly invited approver declines the team invitation or the invitation expires, the draft enters an *update failed activation* state. You can delete the draft, or re-edit for approval and try again.

For more information about statuses, see [Team health](#).

Interacting with drafts

AWS Management Console

To view a draft

1. Open the Organizations console at <https://eusc-de-east-1.console.amazonaws-eusc.eu/organizations/>.
2. On the left navigation, choose **Multi-party approval**.
3. On the **Multi-party approval** console, you can view a list of your teams.
4. On the **Team** column, select team with the draft you want to view.
5. On the team page, select **View draft** in the alert banner.

AWS CLI & AWS SDKs

To view a draft

You can follow the steps for the AWS CLI & AWS SDKs in [View team](#) to view a draft. The `PendingUpdate` object represents the team draft, if applicable.

This object appears as part of the [GetApprovalTeam](#) API response when there is a pending update for a team. It contains all the proposed changes that are awaiting approval or activation.

AWS Management Console

To delete a draft

1. Open the Organizations console at <https://eusc-de-east-1.console.amazonaws-eusc.eu/organizations/>.
2. On the left navigation, choose **Multi-party approval**.
3. On the **Multi-party approval** console, you can view a list of your teams.
4. On the **Team** column, select team with the draft you want to delete.
5. On the team page, select **Cancel draft** in the alert banner, if applicable.
6. On the team page, select **Delete draft** in the alert banner.

AWS CLI & AWS SDKs

To delete a draft

The method to delete a draft depends on its current state. For more information, see [Team health](#).

Use the [CancelSession](#) API for drafts in the following pending state:

- Update pending approval

You can follow the steps for the AWS CLI & AWS SDKs in [Cancel session](#). When you use APIs to cancel the session associated with the draft, the draft is deleted.

Use the [DeleteInactiveApprovalTeamVersion](#) API for drafts in the following failed states:

- Update failed approval
- Update failed validation
- Update failed activation

You can follow the steps for the AWS CLI & AWS SDKs in [Delete team](#) for inactive teams. An inactive team is a draft which failed to become the active team version. Use the VersionID for the PendingUpdate object, which represents the team draft.

Considerations

Updates require team approval

Updates to an active team must be approved by the team. Updates that include inviting new approvers require both team approval and for every newly invited approver to accept the team invitation.

One update at a time

Multi-party approval allows only one update to a team at a time. Previous updates must be canceled before you try additional updates.

Updating teams with inactive approvers

If there are enough active approvers in a team to meet the approval threshold, the team can continue to operate. This includes removing inactive approvers, assigning new approvers, or adjusting the approval threshold.

If there are not enough active approvers, see [Team recovery](#).

Share an approval team

Multi-party approval works with [AWS Resource Access Manager \(AWS RAM\)](#) to enable resource sharing. Sharing allows other AWS accounts to use or access approval teams you have created. For example, if you want the requester to have access to details about an approval session, you must share the associated approval team.

The shareable resource is called a Multi-party Approval Team.

For more information about AWS RAM, see the [AWS RAM User Guide](#).

Topics

- [Prerequisites for sharing teams](#)
- [Share a team](#)
- [Unshare a shared team](#)

- [Identify a shared team](#)

Prerequisites for sharing teams

- To share a team, you must own it in your AWS account. This means that the resource must be allocated or provisioned in your account. You cannot share a team that has been shared with you.
- To share a team with your organization or an organizational unit in AWS Organizations, you must enable sharing with AWS Organizations. For more information, see [Enable Sharing with AWS Organizations](#) in the *AWS RAM User Guide*.

Share a team

To share a team, you must add it to a resource share. A resource share is an AWS RAM resource that lets you share your resources across AWS accounts. A resource share specifies the resources to share, and the consumers with whom they are shared. To add the team to a new resource share, you must first create the resource share using the [AWS RAM console](#).

If you are part of an organization in AWS Organizations and sharing within your organization is enabled, consumers in your organization are automatically granted access to the shared team. Otherwise, consumers receive an invitation to join the resource share and are granted access to the shared team after accepting the invitation.

Minimum permissions

To share a team, you need permission to run the following actions:

- `ram:EnableSharingWithAwsOrganization` (If sharing within an organization)
- `ram:CreateResourceShare`

For step-by-step instructions, see [Creating a Resource Share](#) in the *AWS RAM User Guide*.

Unshare a shared team

Minimum permissions

To unshare a team, you need permission to run the following action:

- `ram:DisassociateResourceShare`

For step-by-step instructions, see [Deleting a Resource Share](#) in the *AWS RAM User Guide*.

Identify a shared team

Minimum permissions

To identify a shared team, you need permission to run the following action:

- `mpa:ListApprovalTeams`

AWS Management Console

To identify a shared team

1. Open the Organizations console at <https://eusc-de-east-1.console.amazonaws-eusc.eu/organizations/>.
2. On the left navigation, choose **Multi-party approval**.
3. On the **Multi-party approval** console, you can view the owner in the **Owner** column.

AWS CLI & AWS SDKs

To identify a shared team

You can use one of the following operations:

- AWS CLI: [list-approval-teams](#)

Run the following command to return a list of Amazon Resource Names (ARNs) for your teams:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa list-approval-teams
```

The ARN includes the account ID which you can use to identify the owner. For example, `arn:aws:mpa:region:123456789012:approval-team/TeamName-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111`.

In this example, if 123456789012 is your account ID, you are the owner. If not, the team has been shared with you.

- AWS SDKs: [ListApprovalTeams](#)

Delete an approval team

When you sign in to your organization's management account, you can request to delete your approval teams by navigating to the Multi-party approval console. This creates an approval session for the request if the team is active.

Delete an approval team

To delete a team, complete the following steps.

Minimum permissions

To delete a team, you need permission to run the following actions:

- `mpa:DeleteInactiveApprovalTeamVersion` (If deleting an inactive team)
- `mpa:StartActiveApprovalTeamDeletion` (If deleting an active team)

If you are using the AWS Management Console, you also need permission to run the following actions:

- `kms:Decrypt`
- `organizations:DescribeOrganization`
- `organizations:ListDelegatedAdministrators`
- `sso:DescribeInstance`
- `sso:GetSharedSsoConfiguration`
- `sso:ListInstances`
- `sso-directory:DescribeUsers`
- `sso-directory:SearchUsers`

AWS Management Console

To delete a team

1. Open the Organizations console at <https://eusc-de-east-1.console.amazonaws-eusc.eu/organizations/>.
2. On the left navigation, choose **Multi-party approval**.

3. On the **Team** column, select a team to view its details.
4. On the team page, choose **Delete**.
5. On the **Delete team** dialog box, confirm the deletion and choose **Delete approval team**.

AWS CLI & AWS SDKs

To delete a team

You can use one of the following operations:

- AWS CLI: [list-approval-teams](#), [start-active-approval-team-deletion](#), and [delete-inactive-approval-team-version](#)

1. Run the following command to return a list of Amazon Resource Names (ARNs) for your teams:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa list-approval-teams
```

2. **For active teams**

Run the following command to request to delete an active team:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa start-active-approval-team-deletion \  
--arn arn:aws:mpa:region:123456789012:approval-team/TeamName-  
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111
```

For inactive teams

Run the following command to get the version ID:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa get-approval-team --arn  
arn:aws:mpa:region:123456789012:approval-team/TeamName-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-  
cdef-EXAMPLE11111
```

Run the following command to delete an inactive team:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa delete-inactive-approval-team-version \  
--arn arn:aws:mpa:region:123456789012:approval-team/TeamName-  
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111 \
```

```
--version-id string
```

- AWS SDKs: [ListApprovalTeams](#), [StartActiveApprovalTeamDeletion](#), and [DeleteInactiveApprovalTeamVersion](#)

What to do next

After you request to delete an active team, you can monitor the team status in the Multi-party approval console or using the AWS CLI & AWS SDKs. For more information, see [View team](#). To cancel a request, see [Cancel session](#).

Considerations

Deletions of active teams require team approval

The request to delete an active team must be approved by the team. If the team is inactive, you do not need team approval.

Teams can be deleted even when protecting resources

A team can still be deleted even when it is protecting resources. The service integration provides workflows for reassigning protected resources to available teams.

For information, see the **Learn More** column in [What operations are currently supported with Multi-party approval](#).

Cancel an approval session

When you sign in to your organization's management account, you can cancel an approval session by navigating to the Multi-party approval console.

As the Multi-party approval administrator, you can cancel unnecessary sessions, including those created by mistake or for team updates and deletions that are no longer needed.

Cancel a session

To cancel an approval session, complete the following steps.

Minimum permissions

To cancel a session, you need permission to run the following action:

- `mpa:CancelSession`

If you are using the AWS Management Console, you also need permission to run the following actions:

- `kms:Decrypt`
- `organizations:DescribeOrganization`
- `organizations:ListDelegatedAdministrators`
- `sso:DescribeInstance`
- `sso:GetSharedSsoConfiguration`
- `sso:ListInstances`
- `sso-directory:DescribeUsers`
- `sso-directory:SearchUsers`

AWS Management Console

To cancel a team update or deletion

1. Open the Organizations console at <https://eusc-de-east-1.console.amazonaws-eusc.eu/organizations/>.
2. On the left navigation, choose **Multi-party approval**.
3. On the **Multi-party approval** console, select a team and choose **Edit** in the **Actions** dropdown menu.
4. On the **Team** column, select a team to view its details.
5. On the team page, choose **Cancel edits** or **Cancel delete**.
6. (For cancel edits) On the **Cancel team edits** dialog box, confirm the cancellation and choose **Cancel edits**.

AWS CLI & AWS SDKs

To cancel a session

You can use one of the following operations:

- AWS CLI: [list-approval-teams](#), [get-approval-team](#), and [cancel-session](#)
1. Run the following command to return a list of Amazon Resource Names (ARNs) for your teams:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa list-approval-teams
```

2. Run the following command to get the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) for the session with the pending update from the relevant team:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa get-approval-team --arn  
arn:aws:mpa:region:123456789012:approval-team/TeamName-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-  
cdef-EXAMPLE11111
```

3. Run the following command to cancel a session:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa cancel-session \  
--arn arn:aws:mpa:region:123456789012:session/TeamName-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-  
cdef-EXAMPLE11111
```

- AWS SDKs: [ListApprovalTeams](#), [GetApprovalTeam](#), and [CancelSession](#)

What to do next

After you cancel a team update or deletion, the team continues to function with its existing details. The version ID for the team does not change.

Considerations

Only sessions pending approval can be canceled

You can only cancel sessions in the *update pending approval* or *delete pending approval* state.

For more information about statuses, see [Team health](#).

Disable Multi-party approval

When you sign in to your organization's management account, you can disable Multi-party approval by navigating to the Multi-party approval console and deleting the Multi-party approval identity source.

Delete an identity source

To delete an identity source, complete the following steps.

Minimum permissions

To delete an identity source, you need permission to run the following action:

- kms:Decrypt
- mpa:DeleteIdentitySource
- sso:DeleteApplication
- sso:DescribeApplication
- sso:DescribeInstance
- sso:ListInstances
- sso:PutApplicationAccessScope
- sso:PutApplicationAssignmentConfiguration
- sso:PutApplicationAuthenticationMethod
- sso:PutApplicationGrant

If you are using the AWS Management Console, you also need permission to run the following actions:

- kms:Decrypt
- organizations:DescribeOrganization
- organizations:ListDelegatedAdministrators
- sso:DescribeInstance
- sso:GetSharedSsoConfiguration
- sso:ListInstances

AWS Management Console

To delete an identity source

1. Open the Organizations console at <https://eusc-de-east-1.console.amazonaws-eusc.eu/organizations/>.

2. On the left navigation, choose **Multi-party approval**.
3. On the **Multi-party approval** console, select an identity source and choose **Delete**.
4. On the **Delete identity source** dialog box, confirm the deletion and choose **Delete identity source**.

AWS CLI & AWS SDKs

To delete an identity source

You can use one of the following operations:

- AWS CLI: [list-identity-sources](#) and [delete-identity-source](#)
 1. Run the following command to return a list of Amazon Resource Names (ARNs) for your identity sources:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa list-identity-sources
```

2. Run the following command to delete an identity source:

```
$ C:\> aws mpa delete-identity-source \
  --identity-source-arn arn:aws:mpa:region:123456789012:identity-sources/
  IamIdentityCenter
```

- AWS SDKs: [ListIdentitySources](#) and [DeleteIdentitySource](#)

What to do next

You can re-enable Multi-party approval at any time. For more information, see [Setting up Multi-party approval](#).

Considerations

Identity sources cannot be deleted when there are dependent approvers

You cannot delete a Multi-party approval identity source when the identity source is managing the user authentication for approvers who are currently in approval teams.

To delete an identity source, you must first delete all teams associated with identity source. For more information, see [Delete team](#).

Deleted IAM Identity Center instance

If you deleted the IAM Identity Center instance connected to your identity source, you can still delete the Multi-party approval identity source. However, if you have active approval teams when the IAM Identity Center instance is deleted, these teams become non-functional. Approvers can no longer access the Multi-party approval portal to vote on sessions. To restore functionality, create a new IAM Identity Center instance with users and connect to a new identity source before you follow the approval team recovery process.

For steps to recover approval teams that are in an error state, see [Troubleshooting](#).

Approver tasks for Multi-party approval

As an approver, you play a key role in reviewing and responding to requested operations that require team approval. When you have accepted the team invitation and the team is active, you'll receive email notifications whenever there are pending requests that need your attention.

Use the Multi-party approval portal for approver tasks

The Multi-party approval portal is an AWS managed application for AWS IAM Identity Center.

It's the central hub where you can view and respond to requested operations and pending team invitations, view which teams you belong to, and view historical team decisions.

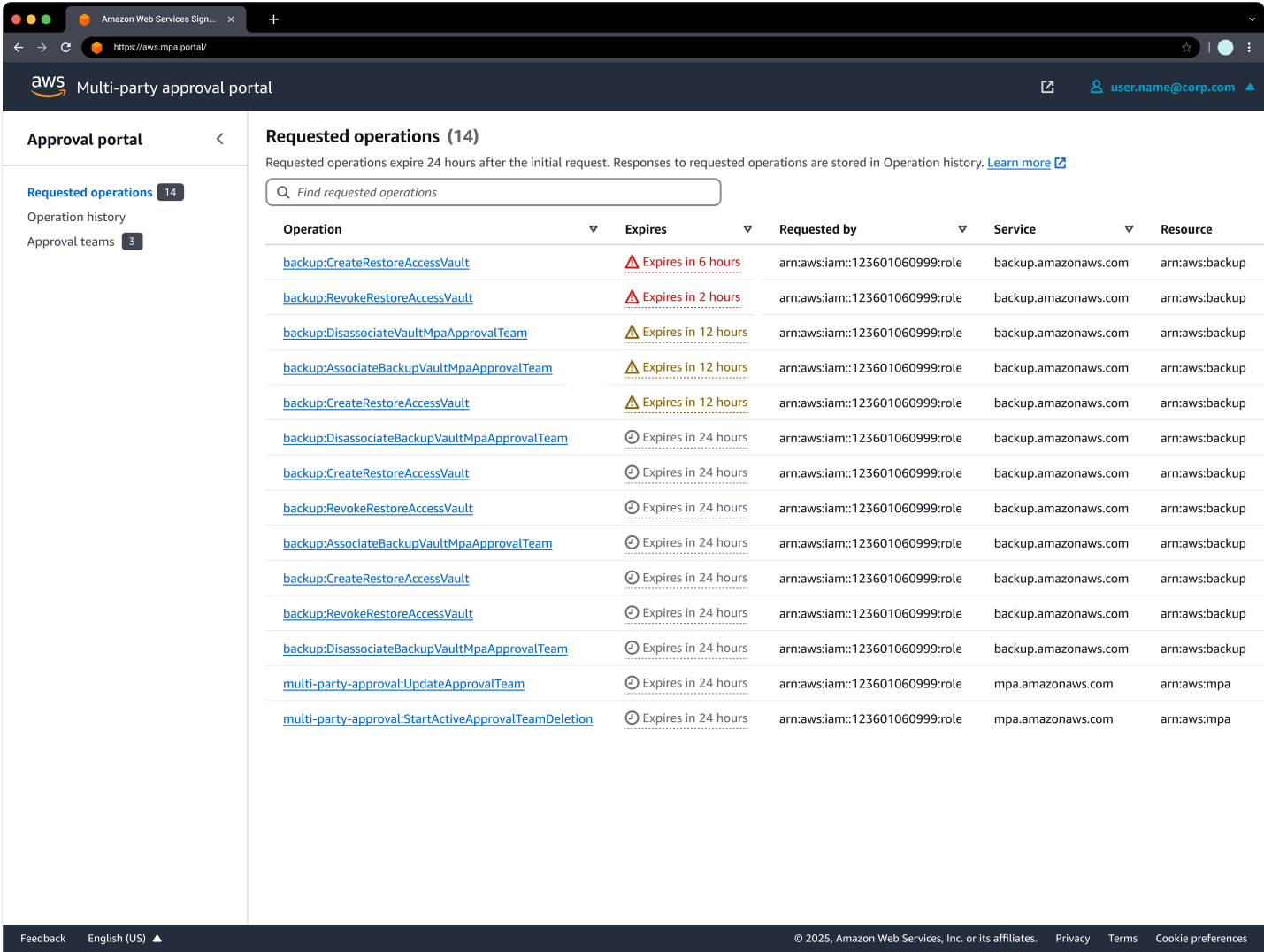


Figure 1: Diagram depicting the Multi-party approval portal.

Check for team invitations

To view an invitation for an approval team, search your email inbox for "Multi-party approval team invitation".

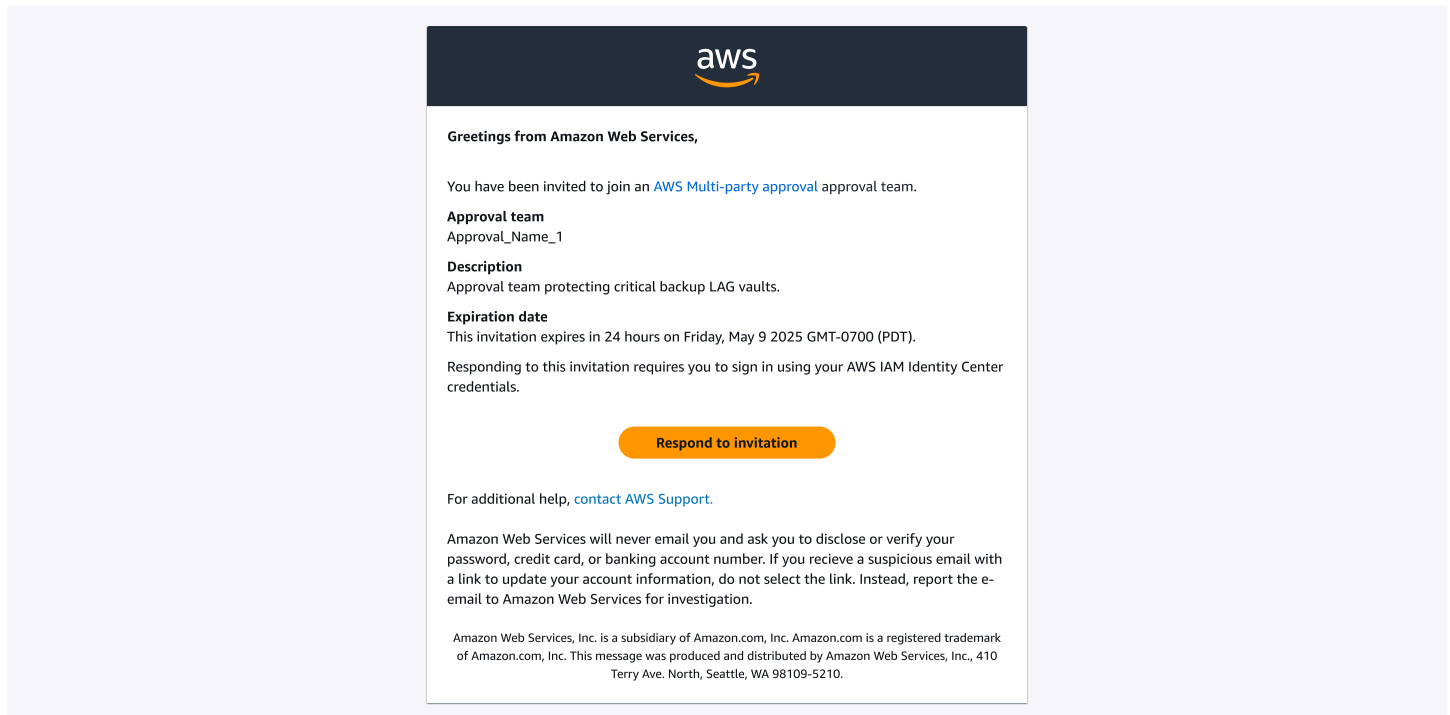


Figure 2: Diagram depicting a Multi-party approval team invitation.

Topics

- [Respond to requested operations](#)
- [View an approval team](#)
- [View operation history](#)

Respond to requested operations

When you sign in to the Multi-party approval portal, you can respond to requested operations.

To respond to a requested operation, complete the following steps.

Approval portal

To respond to a requested operation

1. Sign in to the portal using the same link from your notification email.

2. On the left navigation, choose **Requested operations** and select an operation to view its details.
3. On the operation page, choose **Reject** or **Approve**.

View an approval team

When you sign in to the Multi-party approval portal, you can view approval teams you belong to.

For more information about a team status, see [Team health](#).

To view a team, complete the following steps.

Approval portal

To view a team

1. Sign in to the portal using the same link from your invitation email.
2. On the left navigation, choose **Approval teams** and select a team to view its details.

View operation history

When you sign in to the Multi-party approval portal, you can view the operation history for recent approval sessions. History can be retrieved for up to one month.

To view operation history, complete the following steps.

Approval portal

To view operation history

1. Sign in to the portal using the same link from your invitation email.
2. On the left navigation, choose **Operation history** and select an operation to view its details.

Team health for Multi-party approval

To help you understand Multi-party approval, this topic describes statuses for Multi-party approval and the monthly report sent to Multi-party approval administrators.

Topics

- [Team and workflow status](#)
- [Monthly team report](#)

Team and workflow status

The health for an approval team is indicated by its *team status* (called Status in the APIs) and its *workflow status* (called StatusCode in the APIs).

Team status: Indicates if a team is functional. This provides the Multi-party approval admin with information about whether a team can respond to requested operations.

Workflow status: Provides information about the workflows that are affecting or can affect the team. For example, the state might display ACTIVE and the status might display UPDATE_PENDING_APPROVAL. This means that the team is functional, but that the Multi-party approval admin has requested team updates and the time window for approvers to respond to the request is still open.

Team status

The following is a list of team statuses.

Team status	Description	Functional state
Active	Team can respond to requested operations.	Functional
Pending	The time window for the initial set of approvers to accept the team invitations is still open, or AWS is still validating the configuration of the team.	Not Functional
Inactive	Multi-party approval admin must update the team for it to become functional.	Not Functional

Workflow status

The following is a list of workflow statuses.

Team status	Workflow status	Description
Active	Update pending approval	<p>Updates to the team are pending approval. If approved, the updates will be applied. If rejected, The Multi-party approval admin can resubmit updates for approval, and try again.</p> <p>The approval session expires after 24 hours. Inviting new approvers can extend the time window up to 48 hours: 24 hours for the approval session and 24 hours for newly invited approvers to respond to the team invitation.</p> <p>The team remains active throughout the update process.</p>
	Update pending activation	<p>Updates to the team are pending because invitations have been sent to new approvers and are awaiting responses.</p> <p>Invitations expire after 24 hours.</p>

Team status	Workflow status	Description
		The team remains active throughout the update process.
	Update failed approval	<p>Updates to the team failed because the update request did not meet the approval threshold.</p> <p>The Multi-party approval admin can resubmit updates for approval, and try again.</p>
	Update failed validation	<p>Updates to the team failed because the configuration of the team was invalid. For example, the identity information for an approver was invalid.</p> <p>The Multi-party approval admin can edit the list of approvers, and try again.</p>
	Update failed activation	<p>Updates to the team failed because at least one newly invited approver declined the team invitation.</p> <p>The Multi-party approval admin can edit the list of approvers, and try again.</p>

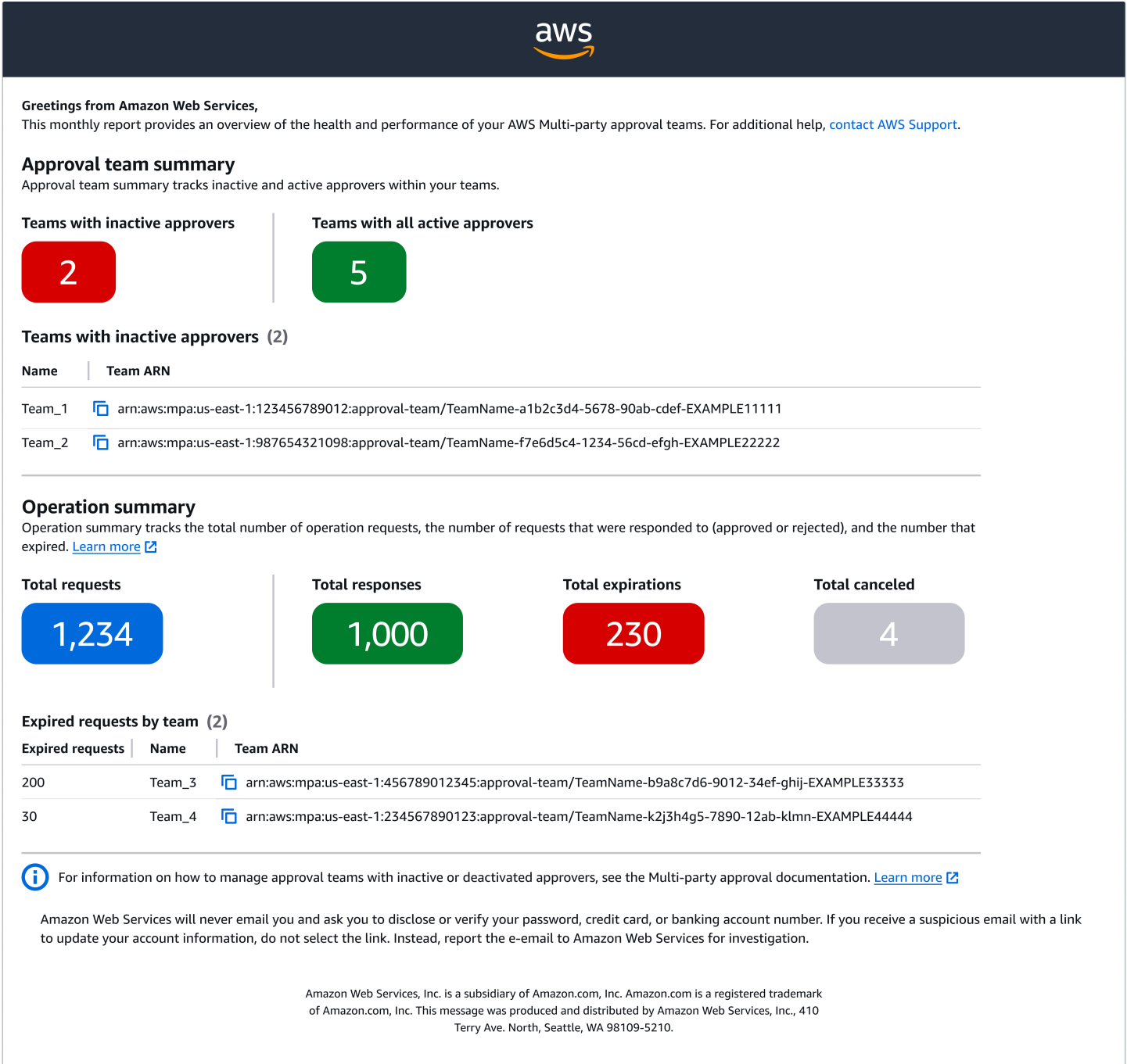
Team status	Workflow status	Description
	Delete pending approval	<p>Request to delete the team is pending approval.</p> <p>The delete request expires after 24 hours.</p> <p>The team remains active until the delete request is approved.</p>
	Delete failed approval	Request to delete the team failed because it did not meet the approval threshold.
Pending	Validating	Team is pending because AWS is validating the configuration of the team.
	Pending activation	<p>Team is pending because invitations have been sent to approvers and are awaiting responses.</p> <p>Invitations expire after 24 hours.</p>
Inactive	Failed validation	<p>Team is inactive because the configuration of the team was invalid. For example, the identity information for an approver was invalid.</p> <p>The Multi-party approval admin can edit the list of approvers, and try again.</p>

Team status	Workflow status	Description
	Failed activation	<p>Team is inactive because at least one invited approver declined the team invitation.</p> <p>The Multi-party approval admin can edit the list of approvers, and try again.</p>

Monthly team report

As a Multi-party approval admin, the monthly team report is sent to you to help you maintain the health of your approval teams. You receive an email for the management account that you used to set up Multi-party approval.

Section	Details
Approval team summary	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Number of teams with all active approvers• Number of teams with inactive approvers• List of team names and Amazon Resource Names (ARNs) for teams with inactive approvers
Operation summary	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Number of total requested operations• Number of total responses to requested operations• Number of total expired requested operations• Number of total canceled requested operations



Troubleshooting

To help you understand Multi-party approval, this topic describes troubleshooting scenarios.

Scenarios

- Recover teams after IAM Identity Center instance deletion
- Recover team with too few active approvers
- Failed team update
- Failed team deletion

Recover teams after IAM Identity Center instance deletion

Problem

When you delete the IAM Identity Center instance that is connected to your Multi-party approval identity source, your approval teams will enter an error state. In this state, approvers can no longer access the Multi-party approval portal to vote on sessions, making the teams non-functional.

Solution

Prerequisites

Before starting the recovery process, check that:

- Your IAM Identity Center instance has been deleted
- You cannot update your approval team

To recover teams after IAM Identity Center instance deletion:

1. Delete your Multi-party approval identity source by following the instructions in [Disable Multi-party approval](#). Because the IAM Identity Center instance is deleted, you can proceed with identity source deletion even with existing approval teams.
2. Create a new IAM Identity Center instance. Configure users in this new instance to replace the existing identities in the approval teams that you need to recover.
3. [Create a new Multi-party approval identity source](#).
4. Assign new approvers to the affected approval teams using the standard process. Do not include previous approvers.

5. Follow the troubleshooting steps for the scenario **Recover team with too few active approvers**.

After you create your support ticket, AWS will review the case. If the case is approved, AWS will provide you with information on how to recover the team.

Recover team with too few active approvers

Problem

Your approval team can't approve team updates or requested operations because the number of active approvers has fallen below the approver threshold.

Solution

Prerequisites

Before starting the recovery process, check that:

- Your team cannot meet the approval threshold
- Your team has experienced a failed approval session (including sessions for team updates)
- You cannot assign new approvers through standard processes

To recover the team:

1. Collect the following information:

- Amazon Resource Name (ARN) for the affected approval team
- Amazon Resource Name (ARN) for the failed approval session
- Business impact statement
- Updated list of approvers

2. Contact AWS Support to initiate the approval team recovery process.

- Open a ticket using the [AWS Support Center](#)
- In the ticket, include the team details you collected
- Label the ticket "Approval Team Recovery" and then submit the ticket.

After you create your support ticket, AWS will review the case. If the case is approved, AWS will provide you with information on how to recover the team.

Failed team update

Problem

When you update a team, Multi-party approval changes the workflow status to *update pending activation*. If the update fails, the workflow status changes to either *update failed approval*, *update failed validation*, or *update failed activation*.

This status will remain for the team unless you [delete the draft](#) or there are subsequent successful updates.

For more information on team and workflow statuses, see [Team health](#).

Solution

- You can try to update the team again, or [delete the draft](#). For more information, see [Update team](#).

Failed team deletion

Problem

When you delete a team, Multi-party approval changes the workflow status to *delete pending approval*. If the deletion is rejected, the workflow status changes to *delete failed approval*.

This status will remain for the team unless there are subsequent successful updates (including a successful team deletion).

For more information on team and workflow statuses, see [Team health](#).

Solution

You can try to delete the team again, or you can update the team. For more information, see [Delete team](#) and [Update team](#).

Monitoring Multi-party approval

Monitoring is an important part of maintaining the reliability, availability, and performance of Multi-party approval and your other AWS solutions. AWS provides the following monitoring tools to watch Multi-party approval, report when something is wrong, and take automatic actions when appropriate:

- *AWS CloudTrail* captures API calls and related events made by or on behalf of your AWS account and delivers the log files to an Amazon S3 bucket that you specify. You can identify which users and accounts called AWS, the source IP address from which the calls were made, and when the calls occurred. For more information, see the [AWS CloudTrail User Guide](#).
- *Amazon CloudWatch* monitors your AWS resources and the applications you run on AWS in real time. You can collect and track metrics, create customized consoles, and set alarms that notify you or take actions when a specified metric reaches a threshold that you specify. For example, you can have CloudWatch track CPU usage or other metrics of your Amazon EC2 instances and automatically launch new instances when needed. For more information, see the [Amazon CloudWatch User Guide](#).
- *Amazon CloudWatch Logs* enables you to monitor, store, and access your log files from Amazon EC2 instances, CloudTrail, and other sources. CloudWatch Logs can monitor information in the log files and notify you when certain thresholds are met. You can also archive your log data in highly durable storage. For more information, see the [Amazon CloudWatch Logs User Guide](#).

Topics

- [Logging Multi-party approval API calls using AWS CloudTrail](#)
- [Monitoring Multi-party approval with Amazon CloudWatch](#)
- [Multi-party approval portal APIs](#)

Logging Multi-party approval API calls using AWS CloudTrail

Multi-party approval works with [AWS CloudTrail](#), a service that provides a record of actions taken by a user, role, or an AWS service. CloudTrail captures all API calls for Multi-party approval as events. The calls captured include calls from the Multi-party approval console and code calls to the Multi-party approval API operations. Using the information collected by CloudTrail, you can

determine the request that was made to Multi-party approval, the IP address from which the request was made, when it was made, and additional details.

Every event or log entry contains information about who generated the request. The identity information helps you determine the following:

- Whether the request was made with root user or user credentials.
- Whether the request was made on behalf of an IAM Identity Center user.
- Whether the request was made with temporary security credentials for a role or federated user.
- Whether the request was made by another AWS service.

CloudTrail is active in your AWS account when you create the account and you automatically have access to the CloudTrail **Event history**. The CloudTrail **Event history** provides a viewable, searchable, downloadable, and immutable record of the past 90 days of recorded management events in an AWS Region. For more information, see [Working with CloudTrail Event history](#) in the *AWS CloudTrail User Guide*. There are no CloudTrail charges for viewing the **Event history**.

For an ongoing record of events in your AWS account past 90 days, create a trail or a [CloudTrail Lake](#) event data store.

CloudTrail trails

A *trail* enables CloudTrail to deliver log files to an Amazon S3 bucket. All trails created using the AWS Management Console are multi-Region. You can create a single-Region or a multi-Region trail by using the AWS CLI. Creating a multi-Region trail is recommended because you capture activity in all AWS Regions in your account. If you create a single-Region trail, you can view only the events logged in the trail's AWS Region. For more information about trails, see [Creating a trail for your AWS account](#) and [Creating a trail for an organization](#) in the *AWS CloudTrail User Guide*.

You can deliver one copy of your ongoing management events to your Amazon S3 bucket at no charge from CloudTrail by creating a trail, however, there are Amazon S3 storage charges. For more information about CloudTrail pricing, see [AWS CloudTrail Pricing](#). For information about Amazon S3 pricing, see [Amazon S3 Pricing](#).

CloudTrail Lake event data stores

CloudTrail Lake lets you run SQL-based queries on your events. CloudTrail Lake converts existing events in row-based JSON format to [Apache ORC](#) format. ORC is a columnar storage format

that is optimized for fast retrieval of data. Events are aggregated into *event data stores*, which are immutable collections of events based on criteria that you select by applying [advanced event selectors](#). The selectors that you apply to an event data store control which events persist and are available for you to query. For more information about CloudTrail Lake, see [Working with AWS CloudTrail Lake](#) in the *AWS CloudTrail User Guide*.

CloudTrail Lake event data stores and queries incur costs. When you create an event data store, you choose the [pricing option](#) you want to use for the event data store. The pricing option determines the cost for ingesting and storing events, and the default and maximum retention period for the event data store. For more information about CloudTrail pricing, see [AWS CloudTrail Pricing](#).

Multi-party approval management events in CloudTrail

[Management events](#) provide information about management operations that are performed on resources in your AWS account. These are also known as control plane operations. By default, CloudTrail logs management events.

Multi-party approval logs all Multi-party approval control plane operations as management events. For a list of the Multi-party approval control plane operations that Multi-party approval logs to CloudTrail, see the [Multi-party approval API Reference](#).

Multi-party approval event examples

An event represents a single request from any source and includes information about the requested API operation, the date and time of the operation, request parameters, and so on. CloudTrail log files aren't an ordered stack trace of the public API calls, so events don't appear in any specific order.

Asynchronous events

The following tabbed list displays some examples for approval teams.

ASYNC_DELETION_APPROVAL_FAILURE [DELETE]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for an asynchronous deletion approval failure:

```
{
```

```

    "eventVersion": "[default]",
    "userIdentity": {
      "accountId": "[MPA Team owner account]",
      "invokedBy": "mpa.amazonaws.com"
    },
    "eventTime": "2021-01-14T01:41:59Z",
    "eventSource": "mpa.amazonaws.com",
    "eventName": "TeamDeletionApprovalFailure",
    "awsRegion": "[team region]",
    "sourceIPAddress": "AWS Internal",
    "userAgent": "AWS Internal",
    "requestParameters": null,
    "responseElements": null,
    "eventID": "a24b3967-ddad-417f-9b22-2332b918db06",
    "readOnly": false,
    "resources": [
      {
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "type": "AWS::MPA::Team",
        "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:[team ARN]"
      }
    ],
    "eventType": "AwsServiceEvent",
    "recipientAccountId": "[MPA Team owner account]",
    "serviceEventDetails": {
      "teamStatus": "ACTIVE",
      "teamStatusCode": "DELETE_FAILED_APPROVAL",
      "updateSessionId": "[session ID]"
    },
    "eventCategory": "Management"
  }

```

ASYNC_DELETION_APPROVAL_SUCCESS [DELETE]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for an asynchronous deletion approval success:

```

{
  "eventName": "TeamDeletionApprovalSuccess",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
    "teamStatus": "DELETED",
    "updateSessionId": "[session ID]"
  }
}

```

ASYNC_UPDATE_ACTIVATION_FAILURE [UPDATE]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for an asynchronous update activation failure:

```
{
  "eventName": "TeamUpdateActivationFailure",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
    "teamStatus": "ACTIVE",
    "teamStatusCode": "UPDATE_FAILED_ACTIVATION"
  }
}
```

ASYNC_UPDATE_ACTIVATION_SUCCESS [UPDATE]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for an asynchronous update activation success:

```
{
  "eventName": "TeamUpdateActivationSuccess",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
    "teamStatus": "ACTIVE"
  }
}
```

ASYNC_UPDATE_APPROVAL_FAILURE [UPDATE]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for an asynchronous update approval failure:

```
{
  "eventName": "TeamUpdateApprovalFailure",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
    "teamStatus": "ACTIVE",
    "teamStatusCode": "UPDATE_FAILED_ACTIVATION",
    "updateSessionId": "[session ID]"
  }
}
```

ASYNC_UPDATE_APPROVAL_SUCCESS [UPDATE]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for an asynchronous update approval success:

```
{
```

```
"eventName": "TeamUpdateApprovalSuccess",
"serviceEventDetails": {
  "teamStatus": "ACTIVE",
  "teamStatusCode": "UPDATE_PENDING_ACTIVATION",
  "updateSessionId": "[session ID]"
}
```

ASYNC_VALIDATION_FAILURE [UPDATE]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for an asynchronous validation failure during an update:

```
{
  "eventName": "TeamUpdateValidationFailure",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
    "teamStatus": "ACTIVE",
    "teamStatusCode": "UPDATE_FAILED_VALIDATION"
  }
}
```

ASYNC_VALIDATION_SUCCESS [UPDATE]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for an asynchronous validation success during an update:

```
{
  "eventName": "TeamUpdateValidationSuccess",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
    "teamStatus": "ACTIVE",
    "teamStatusCode": "UPDATE_PENDING_APPROVAL",
    "updateSessionId": "[session ID]"
  }
}
```

ASYNC_ACTIVATION_SUCCESS [CREATE]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for an asynchronous activation success during creation:

```
{
```

```
{
  "eventName": "TeamCreationActivationSuccess",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
    "teamStatus": "ACTIVE"
  }
}
```

ASYNC_ACTIVATION_FAILURE [CREATE]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for an asynchronous activation failure during creation:

```
{
  "eventName": "TeamCreationActivationFailure",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
    "teamStatus": "INACTIVE",
    "teamStatusCode": "FAILED_ACTIVATION"
  }
}
```

ASYNC_VALIDATION_FAILURE [CREATE]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for an asynchronous validation failure during creation:

```
{
  "eventName": "TeamCreationValidationFailure",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
    "teamStatus": "INACTIVE",
    "teamStatusCode": "FAILED_VALIDATION"
  }
}
```

ASYNC_VALIDATION_SUCCESS [CREATE]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for an asynchronous validation success during creation:

```
{
  "eventName": "TeamCreationValidationSuccess",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
    "teamStatus": "PENDING",
    "teamStatusCode": "PENDING_ACTIVATION"
  }
}
```

```
}
}
```

The following tabbed list displays some examples for approval sessions.

ASYNC_EXPIRED [EXPIRATION]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for an asynchronous session expiration:

```
{
  "eventVersion": "[default]",
  "userIdentity": {
    "accountId": "[MPA Team owner account]",
    "invokedBy": "mpa.amazonaws.com"
  },
  "eventTime": "2021-01-14T01:41:59Z",
  "eventSource": "mpa.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "SessionExpiration",
  "awsRegion": "[team region]",
  "sourceIPAddress": "AWS Internal",
  "userAgent": "AWS Internal",
  "requestParameters": null,
  "responseElements": null,
  "eventID": "a24b3967-ddad-417f-9b22-2332b918db06",
  "readOnly": false,
  "resources": [
    {
      "accountId": "111122223333",
      "type": "AWS::MPA::Session",
      "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:[Session ARN]"
    }
  ],
  "eventType": "AwsServiceEvent",
  "recipientAccountId": "[MPA Team owner account]",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
    "sessionStatus": "FAILED",
    "sessionStatusCode": "EXPIRED",
    "approvedBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/userId2],...",
    "rejectedBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/userId2],...",
    "noParticipationBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/userId2],..."
  },
  "eventCategory": "Management"
```



```
}
```

ASYNC_CANCELLED_TEAM_CONFIGURATION_CHANGED [CANCELTATION]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for a session cancellation due to team configuration changes:

```
{
  "eventName": "SessionCancellation",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
    "sessionStatus": "CANCELLED",
    "sessionStatusCode": "CONFIGURATION_CHANGED",
    "approvedBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/userId2],...",
    "rejectedBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/userId2],...",
    "noParticipationBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/
userId2],..."
  }
}
```

ASYNC_CANCELLED_TEAM_DELETED [CANCELTATION]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for a session cancellation due to team deletion:

```
{
  "eventName": "SessionCancellation",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
    "sessionStatus": "CANCELLED",
    "sessionStatusCode": "TEAM_DELETED",
    "approvedBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/userId2],...",
    "rejectedBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/userId2],...",
    "noParticipationBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/
userId2],..."
  }
}
```

ASYNC_CANCELLED_BY_USER [CANCELTATION]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for a user-initiated session cancellation:

```
{
  "eventName": "SessionCancellation",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
```

```

    "sessionStatus": "CANCELLED",
    "sessionStatusCode": "CANCELLED_BY_USER",
    "approvedBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/userId2],...",
    "rejectedBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/userId2],...",
    "noParticipationBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/
userId2],..."
  }
}

```

ASYNC_VALIDATION_SUCCESS [VALIDATION]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for an asynchronous validation success:

```

{
  "eventName": "SessionValidationSuccess",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
    "sessionStatus": "PENDING"
  }
}

```

ASYNC_SESSION_APPROVED [APPROVAL]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for an approved session:

```

{
  "eventName": "SessionApproved",
  "serviceEventDetails": {
    "sessionStatus": "APPROVED",
    "approvedBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/userId2],...",
    "rejectedBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/userId2],...",
    "noParticipationBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/
userId2],..."
  }
}

```

ASYNC_SESSION_REJECTED [REJECTION]

The following example shows a CloudTrail event for a rejected session:

```

{
  "eventName": "SessionApproved",
  "serviceEventDetails": {

```

```

    "sessionStatus": "FAILED",
    "sessionStatusCode": "REJECTED",
    "approvedBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/userId2],...",
    "rejectedBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/userId2],...",
    "noParticipationBy": "[identityStoreArn/userId1],[identityStoreArn/
userId2],..."
  }
}

```

Events

The following tabbed list displays some examples for standard success flow.

CancelSession (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the CancelSession operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:07:31Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:07:31Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "CancelSession",

```

```

"awsRegion": "us-east-1",
"sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
"userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
"requestParameters": {
  "sessionArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:session/ExampleTest-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111/a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222"
},
"responseElements": null,
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
"readOnly": false,
"resources": [
  {
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "type": "AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTest-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
  },
  {
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "type": "AWS::MPA::Session",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:session/ExampleTest-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111/a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222"
  }
],
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

CreateApprovalTeam (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the `CreateApprovalTeam` operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",

```

```

"userIdentity": {
  "type": "AssumedRole",
  "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
  "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
  "accountId": "111122223333",
  "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
  "sessionContext": {
    "sessionIssuer": {
      "type": "Role",
      "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",
      "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
      "accountId": "111122223333",
      "userName": "ExampleRole"
    },
    "attributes": {
      "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:04:23Z",
      "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
    }
  }
},
"eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:04:23Z",
"eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
"eventName": "CreateApprovalTeam",
"awsRegion": "us-east-1",
"sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
"userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
"requestParameters": {
  "clientToken": "vGjLhLiwFPAaBsQ",
  "approvalStrategy": {
    "mofN": {
      "minApprovalsRequired": 2
    }
  },
  "approvers": [
    {
      "primaryIdentityId": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
      "primaryIdentitySourceArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:identity-source/IamIdentityCenter"
    },
    {
      "primaryIdentityId": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
      "primaryIdentitySourceArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:identity-source/IamIdentityCenter"
    }
  ]
}

```

```

    ],
    "description": "HIDDEN_DUE_TO_SECURITY_REASONS",
    "policies": [
      {
        "policyArn": "arn:aws:mpa:::aws:policy/backup.amazonaws.com/
CreateRestoreAccessVault/$DEFAULT"
      }
    ],
    "name": "CloudtrailTest",
    "tags": "HIDDEN_DUE_TO_SECURITY_REASONS"
  },
  "responseElements": {
    "creationTime": "Mar 11, 2025, 12:04:23 AM",
    "arn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/CloudtrailTest-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
    "name": "CloudtrailTest",
    "versionId": "1741651463452"
  },
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE55555",
  "readOnly": false,
  "resources": [
    {
      "accountId": "111122223333",
      "type": "AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam",
      "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/CloudtrailTest-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333"
    }
  ],
  "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
  "managementEvent": true,
  "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
  "eventCategory": "Management",
  "tlsDetails": {
    "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
    "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
    "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
  }
}

```

CreateIdentitySource (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the CreateIdentitySource operation.

```
{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-06T20:40:03Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-06T20:40:05Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "CreateIdentitySource",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
  "requestParameters": {
    "identitySourceParameters": {
      "iamIdentityCenter": {
        "instanceArn": "arn:aws:sso:::instance/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8i",
        "region": "us-east-1"
      }
    }
  },
  "clientToken": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
},
{
  "responseElements": {
    "identitySourceType": "IAM_IDENTITY_CENTER",
    "identitySourceArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:identity-source/IamIdentityCenter",
    "creationTime": "Mar 6, 2025, 8:40:05 PM"
  },
}
```

```

"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
"readOnly": false,
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

DeleteIdentitySource (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the DeleteIdentitySource operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-11T16:21:31Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-11T16:27:00Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",

```



```

    "eventName": "DeleteIdentitySource",
    "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
    "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
    "userAgent": "aws-cli/2.15.13 Python/3.11.6 Darwin/24.3.0",
    "requestParameters": {
      "identitySourceArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:identity-source/IamIdentityCenter"
    },
    "responseElements": null,
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE55555",
    "readOnly": false,
    "resources": [
      {
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "type": "AWS::MPA::IdentitySource",
        "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:identity-source/IamIdentityCenter"
      }
    ],
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }
}

```

DeleteInactiveApprovalTeamVersion (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the `DeleteInactiveApprovalTeamVersion` operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",

```

```

"sessionContext": {
  "sessionIssuer": {
    "type": "Role",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
    "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "userName": "ExampleRole"
  },
  "attributes": {
    "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:04:14Z",
    "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
  }
},
"eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:06:54Z",
"eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
"eventName": "DeleteInactiveApprovalTeamVersion",
"awsRegion": "us-east-1",
"sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
"userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
"requestParameters": {
  "arn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleApprovalTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
  "versionId": "1741651519207"
},
"responseElements": null,
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
"readOnly": false,
"resources": [
  {
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "type": "AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleApprovalTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
  }
],
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",

```

```

    "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
  }
}

```

DeleteResourcePolicy (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the DeleteResourcePolicy operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-11T17:28:00Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-11T18:01:49Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "DeleteResourcePolicy",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-cli/2.15.13 Python/3.11.6 Darwin/24.3.0",
  "requestParameters": {
    "resourceArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
    "policyName": "ExamplePolicy",
    "policyType": "AWS_MANAGED"
  },
}

```

```

"responseElements": null,
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
"readOnly": false,
"resources": [
  {
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "type": "AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
  }
],
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

GetApprovalTeam (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the GetApprovalTeam operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "ARO123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "ARO123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      }
    }
  }
}

```

```

    },
    "attributes": {
      "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:04:14Z",
      "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:06:33Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "GetApprovalTeam",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
  "requestParameters": {
    "arn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
  },
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
  "readOnly": true,
  "resources": [
    {
      "accountId": "111122223333",
      "type": "AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam",
      "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
    }
  ],
  "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
  "managementEvent": true,
  "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
  "eventCategory": "Management",
  "tlsDetails": {
    "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
    "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
    "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
  }
}

```

GetIdentitySource (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the `GetIdentitySource` operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:04:14Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:05:19Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "GetIdentitySource",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
  "requestParameters": {
    "identitySourceArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:identity-source/IamIdentityCenter"
  },
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE55555",
  "readOnly": true,
  "resources": [
    {
      "accountId": "111122223333",
      "type": "AWS::MPA::IdentitySource",
      "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:identity-source/IamIdentityCenter"
    }
  ],

```

```

"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

GetPolicyVersion (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the GetPolicyVersion operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:05:38Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "attributes": {
      "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:05:38Z",
      "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:05:38Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "GetPolicyVersion",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",

```

```

    "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
    "requestParameters": {
      "policyVersionArn": "arn:aws:mpa::aws:policy/backup.amazonaws.com/
CreateRestoreAccessVault/1"
    },
    "responseElements": null,
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
    "readOnly": true,
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }
}

```

GetResourcePolicy (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the GetResourcePolicy operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:05:38Z",

```



```

        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:05:38Z",
    "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
    "eventName": "GetResourcePolicy",
    "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
    "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
    "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
    "requestParameters": {
      "resourceArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
      "policyType": "AWS_MANAGED",
      "policyName": "ExamplePolicy"
    },
    "responseElements": null,
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
    "readOnly": true,
    "resources": [
      {
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "type": "AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam",
        "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
      }
    ],
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }
}

```

GetSession (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the GetSession operation.

```
{
```

```

"eventVersion": "1.10",
"userIdentity": {
  "type": "AssumedRole",
  "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
  "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
  "accountId": "111122223333",
  "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
  "sessionContext": {
    "sessionIssuer": {
      "type": "Role",
      "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
      "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
      "accountId": "111122223333",
      "userName": "ExampleRole"
    },
    "attributes": {
      "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:04:14Z",
      "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
    }
  }
},
"eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:04:23Z",
"eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
"eventName": "GetSession",
"awsRegion": "us-east-1",
"sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
"userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
"requestParameters": {
  "sessionArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:session/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111/a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222"
},
"responseElements": null,
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
"readOnly": true,
"resources": [
  {
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "type": "AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
  },
  {
    "accountId": "111122223333",

```

```

    "type": "AWS::MPA::Session",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:session/ExampleTeam-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111/a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222"
  }
],
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

ListApprovalTeams (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the ListApprovalTeams operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROIA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROIA123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:04:14Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventSource": "iam.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "AssumeRole",
  "action": "AssumeRole",
  "resource": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
  "requestParameters": {
    "roleSessionName": "ExampleRoleSession"
  },
  "responseElements": {
    "AssumeRoleResponse": {
      "Credentials": {
        "AccessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
        "SecretAccessKey": "EXAMPLESECRET",
        "ExpirationTime": "2025-03-11T00:04:14Z"
      }
    }
  },
  "errorCode": null,
  "errorMessage": null,
  "eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:04:14Z",
  "eventTimeEpoch": 1710000000,
  "sourceIp": "192.168.1.1",
  "sourceRef": null,
  "targetRef": null,
  "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
  "managementEvent": true,
  "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
  "eventCategory": "Management",
  "tlsDetails": {
    "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
    "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
    "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
  }
}

```

```

"eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:04:14Z",
"eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
"eventName": "ListApprovalTeams",
"awsRegion": "us-east-1",
"sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
"userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
"requestParameters": {
  "maxResults": 1
},
"responseElements": null,
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE55555",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE66666",
"readOnly": true,
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

ListIdentitySources (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the `ListIdentitySources` operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",

```

```

        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-10T23:59:07Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-10T23:59:09Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "ListIdentitySources",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
  "requestParameters": null,
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
  "readOnly": true,
  "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
  "managementEvent": true,
  "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
  "eventCategory": "Management",
  "tlsDetails": {
    "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
    "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
    "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
  }
}

```

ListPolicies (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the ListPolicies operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",

```

```

    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:05:38Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:05:38Z",
    "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
    "eventName": "ListPolicies",
    "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
    "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
    "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
    "requestParameters": null,
    "responseElements": null,
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
    "readOnly": true,
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }
}

```

ListPolicyVersions (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the ListPolicyVersions operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",

```

```

"userIdentity": {
  "type": "AssumedRole",
  "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
  "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
  "accountId": "111122223333",
  "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
  "sessionContext": {
    "sessionIssuer": {
      "type": "Role",
      "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",
      "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
      "accountId": "111122223333",
      "userName": "ExampleRole"
    },
    "attributes": {
      "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:06:06Z",
      "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
    }
  }
},
"eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:06:06Z",
"eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
"eventName": "ListPolicyVersions",
"awsRegion": "us-east-1",
"sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
"userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
"requestParameters": {
  "policyArn": "arn:aws:mpa::aws:policy/backup.amazonaws.com/
CreateRestoreAccessVault"
},
"responseElements": null,
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
"readOnly": true,
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}

```

```
}

```

ListResourcePolicies (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the `ListResourcePolicies` operation.

```
{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-09T18:42:04Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "attributes": {
      "creationDate": "2025-03-09T18:42:04Z",
      "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-09T18:42:04Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "ListResourcePolicies",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
  "requestParameters": {
    "resourceArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
  },
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
  "readOnly": true,
}
```



```

"resources": [
  {
    "type": "AWS::IAM::PolicyVersion",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa::aws:policy/backup.amazonaws.com/
CreateRestoreAccessVault/1"
  },
  {
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "type": "AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
  }
],
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

ListSessions (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the ListSessions operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROIA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROIA123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",

```

```

        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:04:14Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:04:14Z",
    "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
    "eventName": "ListSessions",
    "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
    "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
    "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
    "requestParameters": {
      "approvalTeamArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
      "maxResults": 100,
      "filters": [
        {
          "fieldName": "InitiationTime",
          "operator": "GTE",
          "value": "2025-03-11T00:04:14.495844317Z"
        }
      ]
    },
    "responseElements": null,
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
    "readOnly": true,
    "resources": [
      {
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "type": "AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam",
        "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
      }
    ],
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",

```

```

    "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
    "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
  }
}

```

ListTagsForResource (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the `ListTagsForResource` operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:05:00Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:05:00Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "ListTagsForResource",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
  "requestParameters": {
    "resourceArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
  },
  "responseElements": null,

```

```

"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE55555",
"readOnly": true,
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

PutResourcePolicy (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the PutResourcePolicy operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-11T17:28:00Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-11T18:01:22Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",

```

```

    "eventName": "PutResourcePolicy",
    "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
    "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
    "userAgent": "aws-cli/2.15.13 Python/3.11.6 Darwin/24.3.0",
    "requestParameters": {
      "resourceArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
      "policyDocument": "{}",
      "policyType": "AWS_MANAGED",
      "policyName": "ExamplePolicy"
    },
    "responseElements": {
      "resourceArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
    },
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
    "readOnly": false,
    "resources": [
      {
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "type": "AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam",
        "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
      }
    ],
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }
}

```

StartActiveApprovalTeamDeletion (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the `StartActiveApprovalTeamDeletion` operation.

```
{
```

```

"eventVersion": "1.10",
"userIdentity": {
  "type": "AssumedRole",
  "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
  "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
  "accountId": "111122223333",
  "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
  "sessionContext": {
    "sessionIssuer": {
      "type": "Role",
      "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
      "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
      "accountId": "111122223333",
      "userName": "ExampleRole"
    },
    "attributes": {
      "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:08:55Z",
      "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
    }
  }
},
"eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:08:55Z",
"eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
"eventName": "StartActiveApprovalTeamDeletion",
"awsRegion": "us-east-1",
"sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
"userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
"requestParameters": {
  "arn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
},
"responseElements": {
  "deletionStartTime": "Mar 11, 2025, 12:08:55 AM"
},
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE55555",
"readOnly": false,
"resources": [
  {
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "type": "AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
  }
]

```

```

],
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

StartSession (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the StartSession operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROIA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROIA123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-07T16:37:51Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-07T16:37:51Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "StartSession",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",

```

```

"sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
"userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
"requestParameters": {
  "sessionId": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
  "initiationTime": "Mar 7, 2025, 4:37:51 PM",
  "deduplicationToken": "a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8",
  "approvalTeamArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/
ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
  "durationMinutes": 60,
  "actionName": "example:action",
  "description": "HIDDEN_DUE_TO_SECURITY_REASONS",
  "protectedResourceArn": "arn:aws:ec2:us-east-1:111122223333:vpc/vpc-
a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8i",
  "metadata": "HIDDEN_DUE_TO_SECURITY_REASONS",
  "requesterRegion": "us-east-1",
  "requesterComment": "HIDDEN_DUE_TO_SECURITY_REASONS"
},
"responseElements": {
  "arn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:session/ExampleTeam-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222/a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
},
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
"readOnly": false,
"resources": [
  {
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "type": "AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222"
  }
],
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```


TagResource (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the TagResource operation.

```
{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:04:23Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:04:23Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "TagResource",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
  "requestParameters": {
    "resourceArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
    "tags": "HIDDEN_DUE_TO_SECURITY_REASONS"
  },
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE55555",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE66666",
  "readOnly": false,
  "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
  "managementEvent": true,
}
```

```

"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

UntagResource (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the UntagResource operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:04:31Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:04:31Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "UntagResource",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
  "requestParameters": {

```

```

    "resourceArn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
    "tagKeys": "HIDDEN_DUE_TO_SECURITY_REASONS"
  },
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
  "readOnly": false,
  "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
  "managementEvent": true,
  "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
  "eventCategory": "Management",
  "tlsDetails": {
    "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
    "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
    "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
  }
}

```

UpdateApprovalTeam (Success)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the UpdateApprovalTeam operation.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-11T00:06:34Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  }
}

```

```

    }
  }
},
"eventTime": "2025-03-11T00:06:34Z",
"eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
"eventName": "UpdateApprovalTeam",
"awsRegion": "us-east-1",
"sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
"userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.30.32 Linux/5.10.233-224.894.amzn2.x86_64",
"requestParameters": {
  "arn": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
},
"responseElements": {
  "versionId": "1234567890123"
},
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE55555",
"readOnly": false,
"resources": [
  {
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "type": "AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-
a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111"
  }
],
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

The following tabbed list displays some examples the access denied flow.

CreateIdentitySource (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful CreateIdentitySource operation due to insufficient permissions.

```
{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T01:09:56Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T01:09:56Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "CreateIdentitySource",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
  "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
  "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:CreateIdentitySource on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:identity-source/IamIdentityCenter because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:CreateIdentitySource action",
  "requestParameters": null,
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
  "readOnly": false,
  "eventType": "AwsApiCall",

```

```

"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

GetIdentitySource (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful GetIdentitySource operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:55:50Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "attributes": {
      "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:55:50Z",
      "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:55:50Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "GetIdentitySource",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",

```

```

    "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
    "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:GetIdentitySource on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:identity-source/IamIdentityCenter because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:GetIdentitySource action",
    "requestParameters": null,
    "responseElements": null,
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
    "readOnly": true,
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }
}

```

DeleteIdentitySource (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful DeleteIdentitySource operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
    },
    "attributes": {

```

```

        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:53:56Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
    }
},
"eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:53:56Z",
"eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
"eventName": "DeleteIdentitySource",
"awsRegion": "us-east-1",
"sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
"userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
"errorCode": "AccessDenied",
"errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:DeleteIdentitySource on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:identity-source/DummyIdentityCenter because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:DeleteIdentitySource action",
"requestParameters": null,
"responseElements": null,
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
"readOnly": false,
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
    "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
    "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
    "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

ListIdentitySources (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful ListIdentitySources operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",

```



```

    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:55:50Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:55:50Z",
    "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
    "eventName": "ListIdentitySources",
    "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
    "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
    "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
    "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
    "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:ListIdentitySources on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:identity-source/* because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:ListIdentitySources action",
    "requestParameters": null,
    "responseElements": null,
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
    "readOnly": true,
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }
}

```

CreateApprovalTeam (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful CreateApprovalTeam operation due to insufficient permissions.

```
{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:56:18Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:56:18Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "CreateApprovalTeam",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
  "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
  "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:CreateApprovalTeam on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111 because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:CreateApprovalTeam action",
  "requestParameters": null,
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
  "readOnly": false,
}
```

```

    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }
}

```

UpdateApprovalTeam (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful UpdateApprovalTeam operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:53:06Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:55:09Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "UpdateApprovalTeam",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",

```

```

    "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
    "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
    "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:UpdateApprovalTeam on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:000000000000:approval-team/example-group because no resource-based policy allows the mpa:UpdateApprovalTeam action",
    "requestParameters": null,
    "responseElements": null,
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
    "readOnly": false,
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }
}

```

GetApprovalTeam (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful GetApprovalTeam operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      }
    }
  },

```

```

    "attributes": {
      "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:56:18Z",
      "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:56:18Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "GetApprovalTeam",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
  "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
  "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:GetApprovalTeam on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111 because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:GetApprovalTeam action",
  "requestParameters": null,
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
  "readOnly": true,
  "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
  "managementEvent": true,
  "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
  "eventCategory": "Management",
  "tlsDetails": {
    "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
    "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
    "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
  }
}

```

ListApprovalTeams (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful ListApprovalTeams operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",

```

```

    "principalId": "ARO0A123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "ARO0A123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:54:25Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:54:25Z",
    "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
    "eventName": "ListApprovalTeams",
    "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
    "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
    "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
    "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
    "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:ListApprovalTeams on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/* because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:ListApprovalTeams action",
    "requestParameters": null,
    "responseElements": null,
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
    "readOnly": true,
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }

```

```
}

```

StartActiveApprovalTeamDeletion (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful StartActiveApprovalTeamDeletion operation due to insufficient permissions.

```
{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:53:06Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:53:54Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "StartActiveApprovalTeamDeletion",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
  "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
  "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:StartActiveApprovalTeamDeletion on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:000000000000:approval-team/example-group because no resource-based policy allows the mpa:StartActiveApprovalTeamDeletion action",
  "requestParameters": null,
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
}
```

```

    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
    "readOnly": false,
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }
}

```

DeleteInactiveApprovalTeamVersion (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful DeleteInactiveApprovalTeamVersion operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:56:18Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:56:18Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "DeleteInactiveApprovalTeamVersion",

```



```

"awsRegion": "us-east-1",
"sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
"userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
"errorCode": "AccessDenied",
"errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:DeleteInactiveApprovalTeamVersion on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/example-group because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:DeleteInactiveApprovalTeamVersion action",
"requestParameters": null,
"responseElements": null,
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
"readOnly": false,
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

GetSession (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful GetSession operation due to an explicit deny in an identity-based policy.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",

```

```

      "userName": "ExampleRole"
    },
    "attributes": {
      "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:53:16Z",
      "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:53:16Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "GetSession",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
  "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
  "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:GetSession on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:session/ExampleSession-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111/a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222 with an explicit deny in an identity-based policy",
  "requestParameters": null,
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
  "readOnly": true,
  "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
  "managementEvent": true,
  "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
  "eventCategory": "Management",
  "tlsDetails": {
    "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
    "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
    "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
  }
}

```

ListSessions (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful ListSessions operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",

```

```

"userIdentity": {
  "type": "AssumedRole",
  "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
  "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
  "accountId": "111122223333",
  "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
  "sessionContext": {
    "sessionIssuer": {
      "type": "Role",
      "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",
      "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
      "accountId": "111122223333",
      "userName": "ExampleRole"
    },
    "attributes": {
      "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:55:21Z",
      "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
    }
  }
},
"eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:55:21Z",
"eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
"eventName": "ListSessions",
"awsRegion": "us-east-1",
"sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
"userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
"errorCode": "AccessDenied",
"errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:ListSessions on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111 because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:ListSessions action",
"requestParameters": null,
"responseElements": null,
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE55555",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE66666",
"readOnly": true,
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",

```

```

    "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
  }
}

```

CancelSession (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful CancelSession operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:57:05Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:57:05Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "CancelSession",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
  "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
  "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:CancelSession on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:session/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111/a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222 because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:CancelSession action",

```

```

"requestParameters": null,
"responseElements": null,
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
"readOnly": false,
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

StartSession (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful StartSession operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:53:07Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  },

```

```

    "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:53:10Z",
    "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
    "eventName": "StartSession",
    "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
    "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
    "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
    "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
    "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:StartSession on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:000000000000:approval-team/example-group because no resource-based policy allows the mpa:StartSession action",
    "requestParameters": null,
    "responseElements": null,
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE55555",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE66666",
    "readOnly": false,
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }
}

```

GetPolicyVersion (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful GetPolicyVersion operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",

```

```

    "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",
    "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "userName": "ExampleRole"
  },
  "attributes": {
    "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:54:25Z",
    "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
  }
},
"eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:54:25Z",
"eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
"eventName": "GetPolicyVersion",
"awsRegion": "us-east-1",
"sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
"userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
"errorCode": "AccessDenied",
"errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:GetPolicyVersion on resource: arn:aws:mpa::aws:policy/backup.amazonaws.com/CreateRestoreAccessVault/1 because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:GetPolicyVersion action",
"requestParameters": null,
"responseElements": null,
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
"readOnly": true,
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

ListPolicies (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful `ListPolicies` operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:54:53Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:54:53Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "ListPolicies",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
  "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
  "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:ListPolicies on resource: arn:aws:mpa::aws:policy/* because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:ListPolicies action",
  "requestParameters": null,
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
  "readOnly": true,
  "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
  "managementEvent": true,
  "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
  "eventCategory": "Management",
  "tlsDetails": {

```



```

    "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
    "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
    "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
  }
}

```

ListPolicyVersions (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful ListPolicyVersions operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:54:53Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "attributes": {
      "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:54:53Z",
      "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:54:53Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "ListPolicyVersions",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
  "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
  "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:ListPolicyVersions on resource:"
}

```

```
arn:aws:mpa::aws:policy/backup.amazonaws.com/CreateRestoreAccessVault because no
identity-based policy allows the mpa:ListPolicyVersions action",
  "requestParameters": null,
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
  "readOnly": true,
  "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
  "managementEvent": true,
  "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
  "eventCategory": "Management",
  "tlsDetails": {
    "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
    "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
    "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
  }
}
```

ListResourcePolicies (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful ListResourcePolicies operation due to insufficient permissions.

```
{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:55:21Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```

    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:55:21Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "ListResourcePolicies",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
  "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
  "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:ListResourcePolicies on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111 because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:ListResourcePolicies action",
  "requestParameters": null,
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
  "readOnly": true,
  "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
  "managementEvent": true,
  "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
  "eventCategory": "Management",
  "tlsDetails": {
    "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
    "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
    "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
  }
}

```

GetResourcePolicy (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful GetResourcePolicy operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",

```

```

    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T01:08:49Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "eventTime": "2025-03-22T01:08:50Z",
    "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
    "eventName": "GetPolicyVersion",
    "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
    "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
    "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
    "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
    "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:GetPolicyVersion on resource: arn:aws:mpa::aws:policy/backup.amazonaws.com/CreateRestoreAccessVault/1 because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:GetPolicyVersion action",
    "requestParameters": null,
    "responseElements": null,
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
    "readOnly": true,
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }
}

```

PutResourcePolicy (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful PutResourcePolicy operation due to insufficient permissions.

```
{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:54:25Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:54:25Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "PutResourcePolicy",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
  "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
  "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:PutResourcePolicy on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111 because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:PutResourcePolicy action",
  "requestParameters": null,
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
  "readOnly": false,
}
```

```

    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }
}

```

DeleteResourcePolicy (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful DeleteResourcePolicy operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:53:56Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "attributes": {
      "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:53:56Z",
      "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:53:56Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "DeleteResourcePolicy",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",

```

```

    "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
    "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
    "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:DeleteResourcePolicy on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111 because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:DeleteResourcePolicy action",
    "requestParameters": null,
    "responseElements": null,
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
    "readOnly": false,
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }
}

```

ListTagsForResource (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful ListTagsForResource operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      }
    }
  }
}

```

```

    },
    "attributes": {
      "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:57:23Z",
      "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:57:23Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "ListTagsForResource",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
  "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
  "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:ListTagsForResource on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111 because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:ListTagsForResource action",
  "requestParameters": null,
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
  "readOnly": true,
  "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
  "managementEvent": true,
  "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
  "eventCategory": "Management",
  "tlsDetails": {
    "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
    "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
    "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
  }
}

```

TagResource (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful TagResource operation due to insufficient permissions.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {

```



```

    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "ARO0A123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "ARO0A123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:55:50Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:55:50Z",
    "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
    "eventName": "TagResource",
    "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
    "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
    "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
    "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
    "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:TagResource on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111 because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:TagResource action",
    "requestParameters": null,
    "responseElements": null,
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE55555",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE66666",
    "readOnly": false,
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management",
    "tlsDetails": {
      "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
      "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
      "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
    }
  }
}

```

```
}
}
```

UntagResource (Error)

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates an unsuccessful UntagResource operation due to insufficient permissions.

```
{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-03-22T00:56:56Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-03-22T00:56:56Z",
  "eventSource": "multi-party-approval.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "UntagResource",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "aws-sdk-java/2.31.4 Linux/5.10.234-225.910.amzn2.x86_64",
  "errorCode": "AccessDenied",
  "errorMessage": "User: arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa is not authorized to perform: mpa:UntagResource on resource: arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:111122223333:approval-team/ExampleTeam-a1b2c3d4-5678-90abcdef-EXAMPLE11111 because no identity-based policy allows the mpa:UntagResource action",
  "requestParameters": null,
```

```

"responseElements": null,
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE77777",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE88888",
"readOnly": false,
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management",
"tlsDetails": {
  "tlsVersion": "TLSv1.3",
  "cipherSuite": "TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256",
  "clientProvidedHostHeader": "multi-party-approval.us-east-1.amazonaws.com"
}
}

```

The following tabbed list displays some examples for the Multi-party approval integration with AWS IAM Identity Center.

CreateApplication

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the CreateApplication operation for the Multi-party approval integration with IAM Identity Center.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.09",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-02-18T19:56:17Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    }
  }
}

```

```

    }
  },
  "invokedBy": "AWS Internal"
},
"eventTime": "2025-02-18T19:56:28Z",
"eventSource": "sso.amazonaws.com",
"eventName": "CreateApplication",
"awsRegion": "us-east-1",
"sourceIPAddress": "AWS Internal",
"userAgent": "AWS Internal",
"requestParameters": {
  "instanceArn": "arn:aws:sso::instance/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8",
  "applicationProviderArn": "arn:aws:sso::aws:applicationProvider/app-
EXAMPLE11111/WIP",
  "name": "Multi-party Approval",
  "description": "Multi-party Approval",
  "portalOptions": {
    "signInOptions": {
      "origin": "APPLICATION",
      "applicationUrl": "https://example-id.alpha-mpa-portal.us-east-1.on.aws/"
    },
    "visibility": "ENABLED"
  },
  "status": "ENABLED",
  "clientToken": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222"
},
"responseElements": {
  "applicationArn": "arn:aws:sso::111122223333:application/ssoins-
a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8/apl-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8"
},
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
"readOnly": false,
"resources": [
  {
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "type": "AWS::SSO::Instance",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:sso::instance/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8"
  }
],
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management"

```

```
}
```

DescribeInstance

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the DescribeInstance operation for the Multi-party approval integration with IAM Identity Center.

```
{
  "eventVersion": "1.09",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-02-18T19:56:17Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "invokedBy": "AWS Internal"
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-02-18T19:56:27Z",
  "eventSource": "sso.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "DescribeInstance",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "AWS Internal",
  "userAgent": "AWS Internal",
  "requestParameters": {
    "instanceArn": "arn:aws:sso:::instance/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8"
  },
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
  "readOnly": true,
```

```
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management"
}
```

PutApplicationAuthenticationMethod

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the PutApplicationAuthenticationMethod operation for the Multi-party approval integration with IAM Identity Center.

```
{
  "eventVersion": "1.09",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-02-18T19:56:17Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "invokedBy": "AWS Internal"
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-02-18T19:56:28Z",
  "eventSource": "sso.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "PutApplicationAuthenticationMethod",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "AWS Internal",
  "userAgent": "AWS Internal",
  "requestParameters": {
```

```

    "applicationArn": "arn:aws:sso::111122223333:application/ssoins-
a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8/apl-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8",
    "authenticationMethodType": "IAM",
    "authenticationMethod": {
      "iam": {
        "actorPolicy": {
          "Version": "2012-10-17",
          "Statement": [
            {
              "Effect": "Allow",
              "Principal": {
                "Service": [
                  "us-east-1.alpha.mpa.awsfluffy.aws.internal",
                  "test.awsagora.aws.internal",
                  "developer.awsagora.aws.internal"
                ]
              },
              "Action": [
                "sso-oauth:CreateTokenWithIAM",
                "sso-oauth:IntrospectTokenWithIAM",
                "sso-oauth:RevokeTokenWithIAM"
              ]
            }
          ]
        }
      }
    },
    "responseElements": null,
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
    "readOnly": false,
    "resources": [
      {
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "type": "AWS::SSO::Instance",
        "ARN": "arn:aws:sso:::instance/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8"
      },
      {
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "type": "AWS::SSO::Application",
        "ARN": "arn:aws:sso::111122223333:application/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8/apl-
a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8"
      }
    ]
  }
}

```

```
],  
  "eventType": "AwsApiCall",  
  "managementEvent": true,  
  "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",  
  "eventCategory": "Management"  
}
```

DescribeInstance

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the DescribeInstance operation for the Multi-party approval integration with IAM Identity Center.

```
{  
  "eventVersion": "1.09",  
  "userIdentity": {  
    "type": "AssumedRole",  
    "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",  
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",  
    "accountId": "111122223333",  
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",  
    "sessionContext": {  
      "sessionIssuer": {  
        "type": "Role",  
        "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",  
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",  
        "accountId": "111122223333",  
        "userName": "ExampleRole"  
      },  
      "attributes": {  
        "creationDate": "2025-02-18T19:56:17Z",  
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"  
      }  
    },  
    "invokedBy": "AWS Internal"  
  },  
  "eventTime": "2025-02-18T19:56:27Z",  
  "eventSource": "sso.amazonaws.com",  
  "eventName": "DescribeInstance",  
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",  
  "sourceIPAddress": "AWS Internal",  
  "userAgent": "AWS Internal",  
  "requestParameters": {  
    "instanceArn": "arn:aws:sso:::instance/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8"  
  }  
}
```



```

},
"responseElements": null,
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
"readOnly": true,
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management"
}

```

PutApplicationAuthenticationMethod

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the `PutApplicationAuthenticationMethod` operation for the Multi-party approval integration with IAM Identity Center.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.09",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-02-18T19:56:17Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "invokedBy": "AWS Internal"
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-02-18T19:56:28Z",
  "eventSource": "sso.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "PutApplicationAuthenticationMethod",

```

```

"awsRegion": "us-east-1",
"sourceIPAddress": "AWS Internal",
"userAgent": "AWS Internal",
"requestParameters": {
  "applicationArn": "arn:aws:sso::111122223333:application/ssoins-
a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8/apl-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8",
  "authenticationMethodType": "IAM",
  "authenticationMethod": {
    "iam": {
      "actorPolicy": {
        "Version": "2012-10-17",
        "Statement": [
          {
            "Effect": "Allow",
            "Principal": {
              "Service": [
                "us-east-1.alpha.mpa.awsfluffy.aws.internal",
                "test.awsagora.aws.internal",
                "developer.awsagora.aws.internal"
              ]
            },
            "Action": [
              "sso-oauth:CreateTokenWithIAM",
              "sso-oauth:IntrospectTokenWithIAM",
              "sso-oauth:RevokeTokenWithIAM"
            ]
          }
        ]
      }
    }
  }
},
"responseElements": null,
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
"readOnly": false,
"resources": [
  {
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "type": "AWS::SSO::Instance",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:sso:::instance/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8"
  },
  {
    "accountId": "111122223333",

```

```

    "type": "AWS::SSO::Application",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:sso::111122223333:application/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8/apl-
a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8"
  }
],
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management"
}

```

PutApplicationGrant

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the PutApplicationGrant operation for the Multi-party approval integration with IAM Identity Center.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.09",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROA123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-02-18T19:56:17Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "invokedBy": "AWS Internal"
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-02-18T19:56:29Z",
  "eventSource": "sso.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "PutApplicationGrant",

```

```

"awsRegion": "us-east-1",
"sourceIPAddress": "AWS Internal",
"userAgent": "AWS Internal",
"requestParameters": {
  "applicationArn": "arn:aws:sso::111122223333:application/ssoins-
a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8/apl-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8",
  "grantType": "refresh_token",
  "grant": {
    "refreshToken": {}
  }
},
"responseElements": null,
"requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
"eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
"readOnly": false,
"resources": [
  {
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "type": "AWS::SSO::Instance",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:sso:::instance/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8"
  },
  {
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "type": "AWS::SSO::Application",
    "ARN": "arn:aws:sso::111122223333:application/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8/apl-
a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8"
  }
],
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management"
}

```

PutApplicationAccessScope

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the PutApplicationAccessScope operation for the Multi-party approval integration with IAM Identity Center.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.09",
  "userIdentity": {

```

```

    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "ARO0A123456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "ARO0A123456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-02-18T19:56:17Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "invokedBy": "AWS Internal"
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-02-18T19:56:29Z",
  "eventSource": "sso.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "PutApplicationAccessScope",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "AWS Internal",
  "userAgent": "AWS Internal",
  "requestParameters": {
    "scope": "mpa_test:test",
    "applicationArn": "arn:aws:sso::111122223333:application/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8/apl-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8"
  },
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
  "readOnly": false,
  "resources": [
    {
      "accountId": "111122223333",
      "type": "AWS::SSO::Instance",
      "ARN": "arn:aws:sso:::instance/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8"
    },
    {
      "accountId": "111122223333",
      "type": "AWS::SSO::Application",

```

```

    "ARN": "arn:aws:sso::111122223333:application/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8/apl-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8"
  }
],
"eventType": "AwsApiCall",
"managementEvent": true,
"recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
"eventCategory": "Management"
}

```

PutApplicationAssignmentConfiguration

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the PutApplicationAssignmentConfiguration operation for the Multi-party approval integration with IAM Identity Center.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.09",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "AssumedRole",
    "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE:ExampleRole-mpa",
    "arn": "arn:aws:sts::111122223333:assumed-role/ExampleRole/ExampleRole-mpa",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "accessKeyId": "AKIA1234567890EXAMPLE",
    "sessionContext": {
      "sessionIssuer": {
        "type": "Role",
        "principalId": "AROAI23456789EXAMPLE",
        "arn": "arn:aws:iam::111122223333:role/ExampleRole",
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "userName": "ExampleRole"
      },
      "attributes": {
        "creationDate": "2025-02-18T19:56:17Z",
        "mfaAuthenticated": "false"
      }
    },
    "invokedBy": "AWS Internal"
  },
  "eventTime": "2025-02-18T19:56:28Z",
  "eventSource": "sso.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "PutApplicationAssignmentConfiguration",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",

```

```

    "sourceIPAddress": "AWS Internal",
    "userAgent": "AWS Internal",
    "requestParameters": {
      "applicationArn": "arn:aws:sso::111122223333:application/ssoins-
a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8/apl-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8",
      "assignmentRequired": false
    },
    "responseElements": null,
    "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
    "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE22222",
    "readOnly": false,
    "resources": [
      {
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "type": "AWS::SSO::Instance",
        "ARN": "arn:aws:sso:::instance/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8"
      },
      {
        "accountId": "111122223333",
        "type": "AWS::SSO::Application",
        "ARN": "arn:aws:sso::111122223333:application/ssoins-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8/apl-
a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8"
      }
    ],
    "eventType": "AwsApiCall",
    "managementEvent": true,
    "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
    "eventCategory": "Management"
  }

```

Authenticate

The following example shows a CloudTrail event that demonstrates the Authenticate operation for the Multi-party approval integration with IAM Identity Center.

```

{
  "eventVersion": "1.10",
  "userIdentity": {
    "type": "Unknown",
    "principalId": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
    "accountId": "111122223333",
    "userName": "*****",
    "onBehalfOf": {

```

```
{
  "userId": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
  "identityStoreArn": "arn:aws:identitystore::111122223333:identitystore/d-
a1b2c3d4e5"
},
  "credentialId": "us-east-1-a1b2c3d4e5f6g7h8i9j0k1l2m3n4o5p6"
},
  "eventTime": "2025-02-18T19:57:36Z",
  "eventSource": "sso.amazonaws.com",
  "eventName": "Authenticate",
  "awsRegion": "us-east-1",
  "sourceIPAddress": "192.0.2.0",
  "userAgent": "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:135.0) Gecko/20100101
Firefox/135.0",
  "requestParameters": null,
  "responseElements": null,
  "requestID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE33333",
  "eventID": "a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE44444",
  "readOnly": false,
  "eventType": "AwsServiceEvent",
  "managementEvent": true,
  "recipientAccountId": "111122223333",
  "eventCategory": "Management"
}
```

For information about CloudTrail record contents, see [CloudTrail record contents](#) in the *AWS CloudTrail User Guide*.

Monitoring Multi-party approval with Amazon CloudWatch

You can monitor Multi-party approval using CloudWatch, which collects raw data and processes it into readable, near real-time metrics. These statistics are kept for 15 months, so that you can access historical information and gain a better perspective on how your web application or service is performing. You can also set alarms that watch for certain thresholds, and send notifications or take actions when those thresholds are met. For more information, see the [Amazon CloudWatch User Guide](#).

CloudWatch collects metrics that track the usage of some AWS resources. These metrics correspond to AWS service quotas. Tracking these metrics can help you proactively manage your quotas. For more information, see [Visualizing your service quotas and setting alarms](#) in the *Amazon CloudWatch User Guide*.

Service quota usage metrics are in the AWS/Usage namespace and are collected every minute. Currently, the only metric name in this namespace that CloudWatch publishes is ResourceCount. This metric is published with the dimensions Resource, Service, and Type. The Resource dimension specifies the type of resource being tracked. For example, the ResourceCount metric with the dimensions "Service": "Multi-party approval", "Type": "Resource" and "Resource": "IdentitySource" indicates the number of IdentitySource resources in your account.

The following tables list the metrics and dimensions for Multi-party approval.

Metrics

Metric	Description
ResourceCount	<p>The number of the specified resources running in your account. The resources are defined by the dimensions associated with the metric.</p> <p>The most useful statistic for this metric is MAXIMUM, which represents the maximum number of resources used during the 1-minute period.</p>

Dimensions

Dimension	Description
Service	The name of the AWS service containing the resource. For Multi-party approval usage metrics, the value for this dimension is Multi-party approval.
Class	The class of resource that is being tracked. Multi-party approval usage metrics use this dimension with a value of None.
Type	The type of entity that is being tracked. Currently, the only valid value for Multi-party approval is Resource.
Resource	<p>The type of resource that is being tracked. Currently, valid values include the following:</p> <p>IdentitySource , ApprovalTeam , and ApproversPerApprovalTeam</p>

Multi-party approval portal APIs

The APIs listed in this section are called by the Multi-party approval portal on behalf of approvers. These APIs cannot be called directly and are not captured in the [Service Authorization Reference](#). However, these APIs are logged in AWS CloudTrail events and log entries.

- `GetApprovalTeamForApprover`: Returns details for an approval team.
- `GetInvitationForApprover`: Returns details for an approval team invitation.
- `GetSessionForApprover`: Returns a list of sessions.
- `ListApprovalTeamsForApprover`: Returns a list of approval teams.
- `ListInvitationsForApprover`: Returns a list of approval team invitations.
- `ListSessionsForApprover`: Returns a list of sessions.
- `UpdateInvitationForApprover`: Sends a response to an approval team invitation.
- `UpdateSessionForApprover`: Sends a response in a session.

Security in Multi-party approval

Cloud security at AWS is the highest priority. As an AWS customer, you benefit from data centers and network architectures that are built to meet the requirements of the most security-sensitive organizations.

Security is a shared responsibility between AWS and you. The describes this as security *of* the cloud and security *in* the cloud:

- **Security of the cloud** – AWS is responsible for protecting the infrastructure that runs AWS services in the AWS Cloud. AWS also provides you with services that you can use securely. Third-party auditors regularly test and verify the effectiveness of our security as part of the .
- **Security in the cloud** – Your responsibility is determined by the AWS service that you use. You are also responsible for other factors including the sensitivity of your data, your company's requirements, and applicable laws and regulations.

This documentation helps you understand how to apply the shared responsibility model when using Multi-party approval. The following topics show you how to configure Multi-party approval to meet your security and compliance objectives. You also learn how to use other AWS services that help you to monitor and secure your Multi-party approval resources.

Topics

- [Data protection in Multi-party approval](#)
- [Identity and access management for Multi-party approval](#)
- [Access Multi-party approval using an interface endpoint \(AWS PrivateLink\)](#)
- [Compliance validation for Multi-party approval](#)
- [Resilience in Multi-party approval](#)
- [Infrastructure Security in Multi-party approval](#)
- [Configuration and vulnerability analysis in Multi-party approval](#)
- [Cross-service confused deputy prevention](#)

Data protection in Multi-party approval

The AWS applies to data protection in Multi-party approval. As described in this model, AWS is responsible for protecting the global infrastructure that runs all of the AWS Cloud. You are responsible for maintaining control over your content that is hosted on this infrastructure. You are also responsible for the security configuration and management tasks for the AWS services that you use. For more information about data privacy, see the [Data Privacy FAQ](#).

For data protection purposes, we recommend that you protect AWS account credentials and set up individual users with AWS IAM Identity Center or AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM). That way, each user is given only the permissions necessary to fulfill their job duties. We also recommend that you secure your data in the following ways:

- Use multi-factor authentication (MFA) with each account.
- Use SSL/TLS to communicate with AWS resources. We require TLS 1.2 and recommend TLS 1.3.
- Set up API and user activity logging with AWS CloudTrail. For information about using CloudTrail trails to capture AWS activities, see [Working with CloudTrail trails](#) in the *AWS CloudTrail User Guide*.
- Use AWS encryption solutions, along with all default security controls within AWS services.
- Use advanced managed security services such as Amazon Macie, which assists in discovering and securing sensitive data that is stored in Amazon S3.
- If you require FIPS 140-3 validated cryptographic modules when accessing AWS through a command line interface or an API, use a FIPS endpoint. For more information about the available FIPS endpoints, see [Federal Information Processing Standard \(FIPS\) 140-3](#).

We strongly recommend that you never put confidential or sensitive information, such as your customers' email addresses, into tags or free-form text fields such as a **Name** field. This includes when you work with Multi-party approval or other AWS services using the console, API, AWS CLI, or AWS SDKs. Any data that you enter into tags or free-form text fields used for names may be used for billing or diagnostic logs. If you provide a URL to an external server, we strongly recommend that you do not include credentials information in the URL to validate your request to that server.

Identity and access management for Multi-party approval

AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) is an AWS service that helps an administrator securely control access to AWS resources. IAM administrators control who can be *authenticated* (signed in)

and *authorized* (have permissions) to use Multi-party approval resources. IAM is an AWS service that you can use with no additional charge.

Topics

- [Audience](#)
- [Authenticating with identities](#)
- [Managing access using policies](#)
- [How Multi-party approval works with IAM](#)
- [Identity-based policy examples for Multi-party approval](#)
- [AWS managed policies for Multi-party approval](#)
- [Troubleshooting Multi-party approval identity and access](#)

Audience

How you use AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) differs based on your role:

- **Service user** - request permissions from your administrator if you cannot access features (see [Troubleshooting Multi-party approval identity and access](#))
- **Service administrator** - determine user access and submit permission requests (see [How Multi-party approval works with IAM](#))
- **IAM administrator** - write policies to manage access (see [Identity-based policy examples for Multi-party approval](#))

Authenticating with identities

Authentication is how you sign in to AWS using your identity credentials. You must be authenticated as the AWS account root user, an IAM user, or by assuming an IAM role.

You can sign in as a federated identity using credentials from an identity source like AWS IAM Identity Center (IAM Identity Center), single sign-on authentication, or Google/Facebook credentials. For more information about signing in, see [How to sign in to your AWS account](#) in the *AWS Sign-In User Guide*.

For programmatic access, AWS provides an SDK and CLI to cryptographically sign requests. For more information, see [AWS Signature Version 4 for API requests](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

AWS account root user

When you create an AWS account, you begin with one sign-in identity called the AWS account *root user* that has complete access to all AWS services and resources. We strongly recommend that you don't use the root user for everyday tasks. For tasks that require root user credentials, see [Tasks that require root user credentials](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Federated identity

As a best practice, require human users to use federation with an identity provider to access AWS services using temporary credentials.

A *federated identity* is a user from your enterprise directory, web identity provider, or Directory Service that accesses AWS services using credentials from an identity source. Federated identities assume roles that provide temporary credentials.

For centralized access management, we recommend AWS IAM Identity Center. For more information, see [What is IAM Identity Center?](#) in the *AWS IAM Identity Center User Guide*.

IAM users and groups

An [IAM user](#) is an identity with specific permissions for a single person or application. We recommend using temporary credentials instead of IAM users with long-term credentials. For more information, see [Require human users to use federation with an identity provider to access AWS using temporary credentials](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

An [IAM group](#) specifies a collection of IAM users and makes permissions easier to manage for large sets of users. For more information, see [Use cases for IAM users](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

IAM roles

An [IAM role](#) is an identity with specific permissions that provides temporary credentials. You can assume a role by [switching from a user to an IAM role \(console\)](#) or by calling an AWS CLI or AWS API operation. For more information, see [Methods to assume a role](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

IAM roles are useful for federated user access, temporary IAM user permissions, cross-account access, cross-service access, and applications running on Amazon EC2. For more information, see [Cross account resource access in IAM](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Managing access using policies

You control access in AWS by creating policies and attaching them to AWS identities or resources. A policy defines permissions when associated with an identity or resource. AWS evaluates these policies when a principal makes a request. Most policies are stored in AWS as JSON documents. For more information about JSON policy documents, see [Overview of JSON policies](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Using policies, administrators specify who has access to what by defining which **principal** can perform **actions** on what **resources**, and under what **conditions**.

By default, users and roles have no permissions. An IAM administrator creates IAM policies and adds them to roles, which users can then assume. IAM policies define permissions regardless of the method used to perform the operation.

Identity-based policies

Identity-based policies are JSON permissions policy documents that you attach to an identity (user, group, or role). These policies control what actions identities can perform, on which resources, and under what conditions. To learn how to create an identity-based policy, see [Define custom IAM permissions with customer managed policies](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Identity-based policies can be *inline policies* (embedded directly into a single identity) or *managed policies* (standalone policies attached to multiple identities). To learn how to choose between managed and inline policies, see [Choose between managed policies and inline policies](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Resource-based policies

Resource-based policies are JSON policy documents that you attach to a resource. Examples include IAM *role trust policies* and Amazon S3 *bucket policies*. In services that support resource-based policies, service administrators can use them to control access to a specific resource. You must [specify a principal](#) in a resource-based policy.

Resource-based policies are inline policies that are located in that service. You can't use AWS managed policies from IAM in a resource-based policy.

Other policy types

AWS supports additional policy types that can set the maximum permissions granted by more common policy types:

- **Permissions boundaries** – Set the maximum permissions that an identity-based policy can grant to an IAM entity. For more information, see [Permissions boundaries for IAM entities](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.
- **Service control policies (SCPs)** – Specify the maximum permissions for an organization or organizational unit in AWS Organizations. For more information, see [Service control policies](#) in the *AWS Organizations User Guide*.
- **Resource control policies (RCPs)** – Set the maximum available permissions for resources in your accounts. For more information, see [Resource control policies \(RCPs\)](#) in the *AWS Organizations User Guide*.
- **Session policies** – Advanced policies passed as a parameter when creating a temporary session for a role or federated user. For more information, see [Session policies](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Multiple policy types

When multiple types of policies apply to a request, the resulting permissions are more complicated to understand. To learn how AWS determines whether to allow a request when multiple policy types are involved, see [Policy evaluation logic](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

How Multi-party approval works with IAM

Before you use IAM to manage access to Multi-party approval, learn what IAM features are available to use with Multi-party approval.

IAM features you can use with Multi-party approval

IAM feature	Multi-party approval support
Identity-based policies	Yes
Resource-based policies	No
Policy actions	Yes
Policy resources	Yes
Policy condition keys	Yes
ACLs	No

IAM feature	Multi-party approval support
ABAC (tags in policies)	Partial
Temporary credentials	Yes
Principal permissions	Yes
Service roles	No
Service-linked roles	No

To get a high-level view of how Multi-party approval and other AWS services work with most IAM features, see [AWS services that work with IAM](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Identity-based policies for Multi-party approval

Supports identity-based policies: Yes

Identity-based policies are JSON permissions policy documents that you can attach to an identity, such as an IAM user, group of users, or role. These policies control what actions users and roles can perform, on which resources, and under what conditions. To learn how to create an identity-based policy, see [Define custom IAM permissions with customer managed policies](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

With IAM identity-based policies, you can specify allowed or denied actions and resources as well as the conditions under which actions are allowed or denied. To learn about all of the elements that you can use in a JSON policy, see [IAM JSON policy elements reference](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Resource-based policies within Multi-party approval

Supports resource-based policies: No

Resource-based policies are JSON policy documents that you attach to a resource. Examples of resource-based policies are IAM *role trust policies* and Amazon S3 *bucket policies*. In services that support resource-based policies, service administrators can use them to control access to a specific resource. For the resource where the policy is attached, the policy defines what actions a specified principal can perform on that resource and under what conditions. You must [specify a principal](#) in a resource-based policy. Principals can include accounts, users, roles, federated users, or AWS services.

To enable cross-account access, you can specify an entire account or IAM entities in another account as the principal in a resource-based policy. For more information, see [Cross account resource access in IAM](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Policy actions for Multi-party approval

Supports policy actions: Yes

Administrators can use AWS JSON policies to specify who has access to what. That is, which **principal** can perform **actions** on what **resources**, and under what **conditions**.

The Action element of a JSON policy describes the actions that you can use to allow or deny access in a policy. Include actions in a policy to grant permissions to perform the associated operation.

To see a list of Multi-party approval actions, see [Actions Defined by Multi-party approval](#) in the *Service Authorization Reference*.

Policy actions in Multi-party approval use the following prefix before the action:

```
mpa
```

To specify multiple actions in a single statement, separate them with commas.

```
"Action": [  
    "mpa:GetApprovalTeam",  
    "mpa:GetIdentitySource"  
]
```

To view examples of Multi-party approval identity-based policies, see [Identity-based policy examples for Multi-party approval](#).

Policy resources for Multi-party approval

Supports policy resources: Yes

Administrators can use AWS JSON policies to specify who has access to what. That is, which **principal** can perform **actions** on what **resources**, and under what **conditions**.

The Resource JSON policy element specifies the object or objects to which the action applies. As a best practice, specify a resource using its [Amazon Resource Name \(ARN\)](#). For actions that don't support resource-level permissions, use a wildcard (*) to indicate that the statement applies to all resources.

```
"Resource": "*"
```

To see a list of Multi-party approval resource types and their ARNs, see [Resources Defined by Multi-party approval](#) in the *Service Authorization Reference*. To learn with which actions you can specify the ARN of each resource, see [Actions Defined by Multi-party approval](#).

To view examples of Multi-party approval identity-based policies, see [Identity-based policy examples for Multi-party approval](#).

Policy condition keys for Multi-party approval

Supports service-specific policy condition keys: Yes

Administrators can use AWS JSON policies to specify who has access to what. That is, which **principal** can perform **actions** on what **resources**, and under what **conditions**.

The **Condition** element specifies when statements execute based on defined criteria. You can create conditional expressions that use [condition operators](#), such as equals or less than, to match the condition in the policy with values in the request. To see all AWS global condition keys, see [AWS global condition context keys](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

To see a list of Multi-party approval condition keys, see [Condition Keys for Multi-party approval](#) in the *Service Authorization Reference*. To learn with which actions and resources you can use a condition key, see [Actions Defined by Multi-party approval](#).

To view examples of Multi-party approval identity-based policies, see [Identity-based policy examples for Multi-party approval](#).

ACLs in Multi-party approval

Supports ACLs: No

Access control lists (ACLs) control which principals (account members, users, or roles) have permissions to access a resource. ACLs are similar to resource-based policies, although they do not use the JSON policy document format.

ABAC with Multi-party approval

Supports ABAC (tags in policies): Partial

Attribute-based access control (ABAC) is an authorization strategy that defines permissions based on attributes called tags. You can attach tags to IAM entities and AWS resources, then design ABAC policies to allow operations when the principal's tag matches the tag on the resource.

To control access based on tags, you provide tag information in the [condition element](#) of a policy using the `aws:ResourceTag/key-name`, `aws:RequestTag/key-name`, or `aws:TagKeys` condition keys.

If a service supports all three condition keys for every resource type, then the value is **Yes** for the service. If a service supports all three condition keys for only some resource types, then the value is **Partial**.

For more information about ABAC, see [Define permissions with ABAC authorization](#) in the *IAM User Guide*. To view a tutorial with steps for setting up ABAC, see [Use attribute-based access control \(ABAC\)](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Multi-party approval supports the following ABAC:

- For Multi-party approval [identity sources](#) and [approval teams](#), you can use all three tag condition types:
 - `aws:TagKeys`
 - `aws:RequestTag`
 - `aws:ResourceTag`
- For [sessions](#), you can only use the `aws:ResourceTag` condition because:
 - Sessions are not directly taggable resources
 - Sessions inherit tags from the approval team associated with them

Tag conditions do not apply to approvers

Tag conditions do not apply to [approvers](#) because an approver is not an [IAM principal](#). Without an IAM principal, condition keys cannot be evaluated.

Using temporary credentials with Multi-party approval

Supports temporary credentials: Yes

Temporary credentials provide short-term access to AWS resources and are automatically created when you use federation or switch roles. AWS recommends that you dynamically generate temporary credentials instead of using long-term access keys. For more information, see [Temporary security credentials in IAM](#) and [AWS services that work with IAM](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Cross-service principal permissions for Multi-party approval

Supports forward access sessions (FAS): Yes

Forward access sessions (FAS) use the permissions of the principal calling an AWS service, combined with the requesting AWS service to make requests to downstream services. For policy details when making FAS requests, see [Forward access sessions](#).

Service roles for Multi-party approval

Supports service roles: No

A service role is an [IAM role](#) that a service assumes to perform actions on your behalf. An IAM administrator can create, modify, and delete a service role from within IAM. For more information, see [Create a role to delegate permissions to an AWS service](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Warning

Changing the permissions for a service role might break Multi-party approval functionality. Edit service roles only when Multi-party approval provides guidance to do so.

Service-linked roles for Multi-party approval

Supports service-linked roles: No

A service-linked role is a type of service role that is linked to an AWS service. The service can assume the role to perform an action on your behalf. Service-linked roles appear in your AWS account and are owned by the service. An IAM administrator can view, but not edit the permissions for service-linked roles.

For details about creating or managing service-linked roles, see [AWS services that work with IAM](#). Find a service in the table that includes a Yes in the **Service-linked role** column. Choose the **Yes** link to view the service-linked role documentation for that service.

Identity-based policy examples for Multi-party approval

By default, users and roles don't have permission to create or modify Multi-party approval resources. To grant users permission to perform actions on the resources that they need, an IAM administrator can create IAM policies.

To learn how to create an IAM identity-based policy by using these example JSON policy documents, see [Create IAM policies \(console\)](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

For details about actions and resource types defined by Multi-party approval, including the format of the ARNs for each of the resource types, see [Actions, Resources, and Condition Keys for Multi-party approval](#) in the *Service Authorization Reference*.

Topics

- [Policy best practices](#)
- [Using the Multi-party approval console](#)
- [Allow users to view their own permissions](#)
- [Control access using IAM condition keys](#)

Policy best practices

Identity-based policies determine whether someone can create, access, or delete Multi-party approval resources in your account. These actions can incur costs for your AWS account. When you create or edit identity-based policies, follow these guidelines and recommendations:

- **Get started with AWS managed policies and move toward least-privilege permissions** – To get started granting permissions to your users and workloads, use the *AWS managed policies* that grant permissions for many common use cases. They are available in your AWS account. We recommend that you reduce permissions further by defining AWS customer managed policies that are specific to your use cases. For more information, see [AWS managed policies](#) or [AWS managed policies for job functions](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.
- **Apply least-privilege permissions** – When you set permissions with IAM policies, grant only the permissions required to perform a task. You do this by defining the actions that can be taken on specific resources under specific conditions, also known as *least-privilege permissions*. For more

information about using IAM to apply permissions, see [Policies and permissions in IAM](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

- **Use conditions in IAM policies to further restrict access** – You can add a condition to your policies to limit access to actions and resources. For example, you can write a policy condition to specify that all requests must be sent using SSL. You can also use conditions to grant access to service actions if they are used through a specific AWS service, such as CloudFormation. For more information, see [IAM JSON policy elements: Condition](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.
- **Use IAM Access Analyzer to validate your IAM policies to ensure secure and functional permissions** – IAM Access Analyzer validates new and existing policies so that the policies adhere to the IAM policy language (JSON) and IAM best practices. IAM Access Analyzer provides more than 100 policy checks and actionable recommendations to help you author secure and functional policies. For more information, see [Validate policies with IAM Access Analyzer](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.
- **Require multi-factor authentication (MFA)** – If you have a scenario that requires IAM users or a root user in your AWS account, turn on MFA for additional security. To require MFA when API operations are called, add MFA conditions to your policies. For more information, see [Secure API access with MFA](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

For more information about best practices in IAM, see [Security best practices in IAM](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Using the Multi-party approval console

To access the Multi-party approval console, you must have a minimum set of permissions. These permissions must allow you to list and view details about the Multi-party approval resources in your AWS account. If you create an identity-based policy that is more restrictive than the minimum required permissions, the console won't function as intended for entities (users or roles) with that policy.

You don't need to allow minimum console permissions for users that are making calls only to the AWS CLI or the AWS API. Instead, allow access to only the actions that match the API operation that they're trying to perform.

To ensure that users and roles can still use Multi-party approval, also attach the Multi-party approval *MultiPartyApprovalFullAccess* or *MultiPartyApprovalReadOnlyAccess* AWS managed policy to the entities. For more information, see [Adding permissions to a user](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Allow users to view their own permissions

This example shows how you might create a policy that allows IAM users to view the inline and managed policies that are attached to their user identity. This policy includes permissions to complete this action on the console or programmatically using the AWS CLI or AWS API.

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Sid": "ViewOwnUserInfo",
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": [
        "iam:GetUserPolicy",
        "iam:ListGroupsForUser",
        "iam:ListAttachedUserPolicies",
        "iam:ListUserPolicies",
        "iam:GetUser"
      ],
      "Resource": ["arn:aws:iam::*:user/${aws:username}"]
    },
    {
      "Sid": "NavigateInConsole",
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": [
        "iam:GetGroupPolicy",
        "iam:GetPolicyVersion",
        "iam:GetPolicy",
        "iam:ListAttachedGroupPolicies",
        "iam:ListGroupPolicies",
        "iam:ListPolicyVersions",
        "iam:ListPolicies",
        "iam:ListUsers"
      ],
      "Resource": "*"
    }
  ]
}
```

Control access using IAM condition keys

You can use IAM condition keys to specify which IAM actions can be requested when an approval session is initiated.

This example shows how to create a policy that only allows an IAM role to request mounting logically air-gapped vaults with the specified approval team.

JSON

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Sid": "AllowStartSessionOnlyForApprovalTeam",
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Resource": "arn:aws:mpa:us-east-1:123456789012:approval-
team/TeamName-a1b2c3d4-5678-90ab-cdef-EXAMPLE11111",
      "Action": [
        "mpa:StartSession"
      ],
      "Condition": {
        "StringEquals": {
          "mpa:RequestedOperation":
            "backup:CreateRestoreAccessBackupVault"
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

AWS managed policies for Multi-party approval

An AWS managed policy is a standalone policy that is created and administered by AWS. AWS managed policies are designed to provide permissions for many common use cases so that you can start assigning permissions to users, groups, and roles.

Keep in mind that AWS managed policies might not grant least-privilege permissions for your specific use cases because they're available for all AWS customers to use. We recommend that you reduce permissions further by defining [customer managed policies](#) that are specific to your use cases.

You cannot change the permissions defined in AWS managed policies. If AWS updates the permissions defined in an AWS managed policy, the update affects all principal identities (users, groups, and roles) that the policy is attached to. AWS is most likely to update an AWS managed policy when a new AWS service is launched or new API operations become available for existing services.

For more information, see [AWS managed policies](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

AWS managed policy: MultiPartyApprovalFullAccess

The `MultiPartyApprovalFullAccess` policy provides full access to Multi-party approval operations. This policy grants broad permissions to manage all aspects of multi-party approval workflows and the following related identity services.

- Multi-party approval – Full access to create, read, update, and delete multi-party approval operations (mpa)
- AWS Organizations – Full access to administer approval teams and policies (organizations)
- AWS IAM Identity Center – Full access to manage identity sources for approvals (sso, sso-directory)
- AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) – Decrypt operation for accessing SSO instances as IAM Identity Center supports customer managed keys, which allows customer to use their own AWS KMS keys to encrypt identity data (kms:Decrypt)

To review the permissions for this policy, see [MultiPartyApprovalFullAccess](#) in the *AWS Managed Policy Reference Guide*.

AWS managed policy: MultiPartyApprovalReadOnlyAccess

The `MultiPartyApprovalReadOnlyAccess` policy provides read-only access to Multi-party approval operations and the following related identity services.

- Multi-party approval – Read-only access to multi-party approval operations (mpa)
- AWS Organizations – Basic read access to organization information (organizations)
- AWS IAM Identity Center – Read access to SSO instances and the user directory (sso, sso-directory)

- AWS KMS – Decrypt operation for accessing SSO instances as IAM Identity Center supports customer managed keys, which allows customer to use their own AWS KMS keys to encrypt identity data (`kms:Decrypt`)

To review the permissions for this policy, see [MultiPartyApprovalReadOnlyAccess](#) in the *AWS Managed Policy Reference Guide*.

Multi-party approval updates to AWS managed policies

View details about updates to AWS managed policies for Multi-party approval since this service began tracking these changes. For automatic alerts about changes to this page, subscribe to the RSS feed on the Multi-party approval Document history page.

Change	Description	Date
MultiPartyApprovalFullAccess – updated to include <code>kms:Decrypt</code> permission which decrypts identity data	Added the <code>kms:Decrypt</code> permission to the <code>MultiPartyApprovalFullAccess</code> managed policy for AWS IAM Identity Center to support customer managed keys, which allows you to use your own AWS KMS keys to encrypt your identity data.	September 8, 2025
MultiPartyApprovalReadOnlyAccess – updated to include <code>kms:Decrypt</code> permission which decrypts identity data	Added the <code>kms:Decrypt</code> permission to the <code>MultiPartyApprovalReadOnlyAccess</code> managed policy for AWS IAM Identity Center to support customer managed keys, which allows you to use your own AWS KMS keys to encrypt your identity data.	September 8, 2025

Change	Description	Date
Multi-party approval started tracking changes	Multi-party approval started tracking changes for its AWS managed policies.	June 17, 2025

Troubleshooting Multi-party approval identity and access

Use the following information to help you diagnose and fix common issues that you might encounter when working with Multi-party approval and IAM.

Topics

- [I am not authorized to perform an action in Multi-party approval](#)
- [I am not authorized to perform iam:PassRole](#)
- [I want to allow people outside of my AWS account to access my Multi-party approval resources](#)

I am not authorized to perform an action in Multi-party approval

If you receive an error that you're not authorized to perform an action, your policies must be updated to allow you to perform the action.

The following example error occurs when the mateojackson IAM user tries to use the console to view details about a fictional *my-example-widget* resource but doesn't have the fictional mpa: *GetWidget* permissions.

```
User: arn:aws:iam::123456789012:user/mateojackson is not authorized to perform:
mpa: GetWidget on resource: my-example-widget
```

In this case, the policy for the mateojackson user must be updated to allow access to the *my-example-widget* resource by using the mpa: *GetWidget* action.

If you need help, contact your AWS administrator. Your administrator is the person who provided you with your sign-in credentials.

I am not authorized to perform iam:PassRole

If you receive an error that you're not authorized to perform the iam:PassRole action, your policies must be updated to allow you to pass a role to Multi-party approval.

Some AWS services allow you to pass an existing role to that service instead of creating a new service role or service-linked role. To do this, you must have permissions to pass the role to the service.

The following example error occurs when an IAM user named `marymajor` tries to use the console to perform an action in Multi-party approval. However, the action requires the service to have permissions that are granted by a service role. Mary does not have permissions to pass the role to the service.

```
User: arn:aws:iam::123456789012:user/marymajor is not authorized to perform:
iam:PassRole
```

In this case, Mary's policies must be updated to allow her to perform the `iam:PassRole` action.

If you need help, contact your AWS administrator. Your administrator is the person who provided you with your sign-in credentials.

I want to allow people outside of my AWS account to access my Multi-party approval resources

You can create a role that users in other accounts or people outside of your organization can use to access your resources. You can specify who is trusted to assume the role. For services that support resource-based policies or access control lists (ACLs), you can use those policies to grant people access to your resources.

To learn more, consult the following:

- To learn whether Multi-party approval supports these features, see [How Multi-party approval works with IAM](#).
- To learn how to provide access to your resources across AWS accounts that you own, see [Providing access to an IAM user in another AWS account that you own](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.
- To learn how to provide access to your resources to third-party AWS accounts, see [Providing access to AWS accounts owned by third parties](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.
- To learn how to provide access through identity federation, see [Providing access to externally authenticated users \(identity federation\)](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.
- To learn the difference between using roles and resource-based policies for cross-account access, see [Cross account resource access in IAM](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Access Multi-party approval using an interface endpoint (AWS PrivateLink)

You can use AWS PrivateLink to create a private connection between your VPC and Multi-party approval. You can access Multi-party approval as if it were in your VPC, without the use of an internet gateway, NAT device, VPN connection, or Direct Connect connection. Instances in your VPC don't need public IP addresses to access Multi-party approval.

You establish this private connection by creating an *interface endpoint*, powered by AWS PrivateLink. We create an endpoint network interface in each subnet that you enable for the interface endpoint. These are requester-managed network interfaces that serve as the entry point for traffic destined for Multi-party approval.

For more information, see [Access AWS services through AWS PrivateLink](#) in the *AWS PrivateLink Guide*.

Considerations for Multi-party approval

Before you set up an interface endpoint for Multi-party approval, review [Considerations](#) in the *AWS PrivateLink Guide*.

Multi-party approval supports making calls to all of its API actions through the interface endpoint.

VPC endpoint policies are not supported for Multi-party approval. By default, full access to Multi-party approval is allowed through the interface endpoint. Alternatively, you can associate a security group with the endpoint network interfaces to control traffic to Multi-party approval through the interface endpoint.

Create an interface endpoint for Multi-party approval

You can create an interface endpoint for Multi-party approval using either the Amazon VPC console or the AWS Command Line Interface (AWS CLI). For more information, see [Create an interface endpoint](#) in the *AWS PrivateLink Guide*.

Create an interface endpoint for Multi-party approval using the following service name:

```
com.amazonaws.region.mpa
```

If you enable private DNS for the interface endpoint, you can make API requests to Multi-party approval using its default Regional DNS name. For example, `com.amazonaws.us-east-1.mpa`.

Create an endpoint policy for your interface endpoint

An endpoint policy is an IAM resource that you can attach to an interface endpoint. The default endpoint policy allows full access to Multi-party approval through the interface endpoint. To control the access allowed to Multi-party approval from your VPC, attach a custom endpoint policy to the interface endpoint.

An endpoint policy specifies the following information:

- The principals that can perform actions (AWS accounts, IAM users, and IAM roles).
- The actions that can be performed.
- The resources on which the actions can be performed.

For more information, see [Control access to services using endpoint policies](#) in the *AWS PrivateLink Guide*.

Example: VPC endpoint policy for Multi-party approval actions

The following is an example of a custom endpoint policy. When you attach this policy to your interface endpoint, it grants access to the listed Multi-party approval actions for all principals on all resources.

```
{
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Principal": "*",
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": [
        "mpa:GetIdentitySource",
        "mpa:GetApprovalTeam"
      ],
      "Resource": "*"
    }
  ]
}
```

Compliance validation for Multi-party approval

To learn whether an AWS service is within the scope of specific compliance programs, see and choose the compliance program that you are interested in. For general information, see .

Your compliance responsibility when using AWS services is determined by the sensitivity of your data, your company's compliance objectives, and applicable laws and regulations. For more information about your compliance responsibility when using AWS services, see [AWS Security Documentation](#).

Resilience in Multi-party approval

The AWS global infrastructure is built around AWS Regions and Availability Zones. AWS Regions provide multiple physically separated and isolated Availability Zones, which are connected with low-latency, high-throughput, and highly redundant networking. With Availability Zones, you can design and operate applications and databases that automatically fail over between zones without interruption. Availability Zones are more highly available, fault tolerant, and scalable than traditional single or multiple data center infrastructures.

For more information about AWS Regions and Availability Zones, see [AWS Global Infrastructure](#).

In addition to the AWS global infrastructure, Multi-party approval offers several features to help support your data resiliency and backup needs.

Infrastructure Security in Multi-party approval

As a managed service, Multi-party approval is protected by the AWS global network security procedures that are described in the [Amazon Web Services: Overview of Security Processes](#) whitepaper.

You use AWS published API calls to access Multi-party approval through the network. Clients must support Transport Layer Security (TLS) 1.0 or later. We recommend TLS 1.2 or later. Clients must also support cipher suites with perfect forward secrecy (PFS) such as DHE (Ephemeral Diffie-Hellman) or ECDHE (Elliptic Curve Ephemeral Diffie-Hellman). Most modern systems such as Java 7 and later support these modes.

Additionally, requests must be signed by using an access key ID and a secret access key that is associated with an IAM principal. Or you can use the [AWS Security Token Service](#) (AWS STS) to generate temporary security credentials to sign requests.

Configuration and vulnerability analysis in Multi-party approval

Configuration and IT controls are a shared responsibility between AWS and you, our customer. For more information, see the AWS [shared responsibility model](#).

Cross-service confused deputy prevention

The confused deputy problem is a security issue where an entity that doesn't have permission to perform an action can coerce a more-privileged entity to perform the action. In AWS, cross-service impersonation can result in the confused deputy problem. Cross-service impersonation can occur when one service (the *calling service*) calls another service (the *called service*). The calling service can be manipulated to use its permissions to act on another customer's resources in a way it should not otherwise have permission to access. To prevent this, AWS provides tools that help you protect your data for all services with service principals that have been given access to resources in your account.

We recommend using the [aws:SourceArn](#) and [aws:SourceAccount](#) global condition context keys in resource policies to limit the permissions that ServiceNameLongEntity gives another service to the resource. Use `aws:SourceArn` if you want only one resource to be associated with the cross-service access. Use `aws:SourceAccount` if you want to allow any resource in that account to be associated with the cross-service use.

The most effective way to protect against the confused deputy problem is to use the `aws:SourceArn` global condition context key with the full ARN of the resource. If you don't know the full ARN of the resource or if you are specifying multiple resources, use the `aws:SourceArn` global context condition key with wildcard characters (*) for the unknown portions of the ARN. For example, `arn:aws:servicename*:123456789012:*`.

If the `aws:SourceArn` value does not contain the account ID, such as an Amazon S3 bucket ARN, you must use both global condition context keys to limit permissions.

The value of `aws:SourceArn` must be `ResourceDescription`.

The following example shows how you can use the `aws:SourceArn` and `aws:SourceAccount` global condition context keys in `ServiceNameEntity` to prevent the confused deputy problem.

JSON

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": {
    "Sid": "ConfusedDeputyPreventionExamplePolicy",
    "Effect": "Allow",
    "Principal": {
      "Service": "ec2.amazonaws.com"
    },
    "Action": "ec2:DescribeInstances",
    "Resource": [
      "arn:aws:ec2:*:*:instance/*"
    ],
    "Condition": {
      "ArnLike": {
        "aws:SourceArn": "arn:aws:ec2:*:*:123456789012:*"
      },
      "StringEquals": {
        "aws:SourceAccount": "123456789012"
      }
    }
  }
}
```

Creating Multi-party approval resources with AWS CloudFormation

Multi-party approval is integrated with AWS CloudFormation, a service that helps you to model and set up your AWS resources so that you can spend less time creating and managing your resources and infrastructure. You create a template that describes all the AWS resources that you want (such as `AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam` and `AWS::MPA::IdentitySource`), and CloudFormation provisions and configures those resources for you.

When you use CloudFormation, you can reuse your template to set up your Multi-party approval resources consistently and repeatedly. Describe your resources once, and then provision the same resources over and over in multiple AWS accounts and Regions.

Team activation requirements for CloudFormation deployments

If you create an approval team using AWS CloudFormation, the team will initially be created in a *pending activation* state. For more information see, [Team health](#). To activate the team, every invited approver must accept the team invitation within 24 hours.

If at least one approver declines the team invitation or the 24-hour time window to respond expires, the team activation fails. This failure triggers a rollback of the CloudFormation template, which deletes the team.

Multi-party approval and CloudFormation templates

To provision and configure resources for Multi-party approval and related services, you must understand [CloudFormation templates](#). Templates are formatted text files in JSON or YAML. These templates describe the resources that you want to provision in your CloudFormation stacks. If you're unfamiliar with JSON or YAML, you can use CloudFormation Designer to help you get started with CloudFormation templates. For more information, see [What is CloudFormation Designer?](#) in the *AWS CloudFormation User Guide*.

Multi-party approval supports creating `AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam` and `AWS::MPA::IdentitySource` in CloudFormation. For more information, including examples of JSON and YAML templates for `AWS::MPA::ApprovalTeam` and `AWS::MPA::IdentitySource`, see the [MPA](#) in the *AWS CloudFormation User Guide*.

Learn more about CloudFormation

To learn more about CloudFormation, see the following resources:

- [AWS CloudFormation](#)
- [AWS CloudFormation User Guide](#)
- [CloudFormation API Reference](#)
- [AWS CloudFormation Command Line Interface User Guide](#)

Document history for the Multi-party approval User Guide

The following table describes the documentation releases for Multi-party approval.

Change	Description	Date
Updated AWS managed policies	Added the kms:Decrypt permission to the MultiPartyApprovalFullAccess and MultiPartyApprovalReadOnlyAccess managed policies for AWS IAM Identity Center to support customer managed keys.	September 8, 2025
Updates to permission lists	Updated permission lists in the Administrator tasks section of the guide for consistency and alphabetical ordering.	August 7, 2025
Initial release	Initial release of the Multi-party approval User Guide	June 17, 2025